

## GOOPAX Reference

4.0.2

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# Chapter 1

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## Chapter 2

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image_array_resource< DIM, T, normalized >::image_slice< RESREF > . . . . .	114
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# Chapter 3

## Class Index

### 3.1 Class List

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<a href="#">full_kernel</a>	78
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<a href="#">gather_min&lt; T &gt;</a>	80
<a href="#">gettype&lt; T, EIF &gt;</a>	
Type info and type conversion mechanism With the gettype struct, CPU and GPU types can be converted to each other, and type information obtained typename gettype<T>::cpu converts T to the corresponding CPU type. T can be CPU type, GPU type, or CPU debug type, or a goopax struct type. typename gettype<T>::gpu converts T to the corresponding GPU type. T can be CPU type, GPU type, or CPU debug type, or a goopax struct type. gettype<T>::size provides the size of type T in bytes. T can be CPU type, GPU type, or CPU debug type, or a goopax struct type. typename gettype<T>::template change<U>::type changes the type of T to type U while preserving CPU/GPU/debug mode. If T is CPU type, the resulting type is also a CPU type. If T is GPU type, the resulting type is a GPU type. If T is debug data type, the resulting type is also a debug data type	
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Numeric_limits overload for GPU types	122
<a href="#">resource&lt; T, SIZE_TYPE, is_const &gt;</a>	122
<a href="#">sresource&lt; STR, BASE &gt;</a>	125
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# Chapter 4

## Module Documentation

### 4.1 atomic operations

#### Functions

- [gpu\\_uint32 atomic\\_and](#) ([gpu\\_uint32](#) &ref, const [gpu\\_uint32](#) value)
- [gpu\\_uint32 atomic\\_or](#) ([gpu\\_uint32](#) &ref, const [gpu\\_uint32](#) value)
- [gpu\\_uint32 atomic\\_xor](#) ([gpu\\_uint32](#) &ref, const [gpu\\_uint32](#) value)
- [gpu\\_uint32 atomic\\_min](#) ([gpu\\_uint32](#) &ref, const [gpu\\_uint32](#) value)
- [gpu\\_uint32 atomic\\_max](#) ([gpu\\_uint32](#) &ref, const [gpu\\_uint32](#) value)
- [gpu\\_uint32 atomic\\_xchg](#) ([gpu\\_uint32](#) &ref, const [gpu\\_uint32](#) value)
- [gpu\\_float atomic\\_xchg](#) ([gpu\\_float](#) &ref, const [gpu\\_float](#) value)
- [gpu\\_double atomic\\_xchg](#) ([gpu\\_double](#) &ref, const [gpu\\_double](#) value)
- [gpu\\_uint32 atomic\\_add](#) ([gpu\\_uint32](#) &ref, const [gpu\\_uint32](#) value)
- [gpu\\_uint32 atomic\\_load](#) (const [gpu\\_uint32](#) &ref)
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- [gpu\\_uint64 atomic\\_cmpxchg](#) ([gpu\\_uint64](#) &ref, [gpu\\_uint64](#) cmp, [gpu\\_uint64](#) value)

#### 4.1.1 Detailed Description

atomic functions are used to atomically modify values in global or local memory.

example:

```
struct foo :
kernel<foo>
{
    void program(resource<int>& a, resource<pair<uint64_t, double>& B)
    {
        atomic_add(a[0], 1); // increments a[0] by 1
        gpu_double x = atomic_xchg(b[12].second, 3.14); // Writes 3.14 at B[12].second, returns in x the
        previous value
    }
};
```

## 4.1.2 Function Documentation

### 4.1.2.1 atomic\_add()

```
gpu_uint32 goopax::impl::atomic_add (
    gpu_uint32 & ref,
    const gpu_uint32 value ) [inline]
```

atomic add

#### Parameters

<i>ref</i>	reference to local or global memory address. The value referenced must be of 32 or 64 bit signed or unsigned integral type.
<i>value</i>	value to add

#### Returns

previous value

### 4.1.2.2 atomic\_and()

```
gpu_uint32 goopax::impl::atomic_and (
    gpu_uint32 & ref,
    const gpu_uint32 value ) [inline]
```

atomic and

#### Parameters

<i>ref</i>	reference to local or global memory address. The value referenced must be of 32 or 64 bit signed or unsigned integral type.
<i>value</i>	value to perform and operation with

#### Returns

previous value

### 4.1.2.3 atomic\_cmpxchg() [1/4]

```
gpu_int32 goopax::impl::atomic_cmpxchg (
    gpu_int32 & ref,
```

```
gpu_int32 cmp,
gpu_int32 value ) [inline]
```

atomic compare and exchange

If `ref == cmp`, write `ref = value`. Otherwise do nothing.

#### Parameters

<i>ref</i>	reference to local or global memory address. The value referenced must be of 32 or 64 bit signed or unsigned integral type.
<i>cmp</i>	value to compare with
<i>value</i>	value to write

#### Returns

previous value

#### 4.1.2.4 atomic\_cmpxchg() [2/4]

```
gpu_int64 goopax::impl::atomic_cmpxchg (
    gpu_int64 & ref,
    gpu_int64 cmp,
    gpu_int64 value ) [inline]
```

atomic compare and exchange

If `ref == cmp`, write `ref = value`. Otherwise do nothing.

#### Parameters

<i>ref</i>	reference to local or global memory address. The value referenced must be of 32 or 64 bit signed or unsigned integral type.
<i>cmp</i>	value to compare with
<i>value</i>	value to write

#### Returns

previous value

#### 4.1.2.5 atomic\_cmpxchg() [3/4]

```
gpu_uint32 goopax::impl::atomic_cmpxchg (
    gpu_uint32 & ref,
    gpu_uint32 cmp,
    gpu_uint32 value ) [inline]
```

atomic compare and exchange

If `ref == cmp`, write `ref = value`. Otherwise do nothing.

## Parameters

<i>ref</i>	reference to local or global memory address. The value referenced must be of 32 or 64 bit signed or unsigned integral type.
<i>cmp</i>	value to compare with
<i>value</i>	value to write

## Returns

previous value

**4.1.2.6 atomic\_cmpxchg()** [4/4]

```
gpu_uint64 goopax::impl::atomic_cmpxchg (
    gpu_uint64 & ref,
    gpu_uint64 cmp,
    gpu_uint64 value ) [inline]
```

atomic compare and exchange

If `ref == cmp`, write `ref = value`. Otherwise do nothing.

## Parameters

<i>ref</i>	reference to local or global memory address. The value referenced must be of 32 or 64 bit signed or unsigned integral type.
<i>cmp</i>	value to compare with
<i>value</i>	value to write

## Returns

previous value

**4.1.2.7 atomic\_load()** [1/4]

```
gpu_int32 goopax::impl::atomic_load (
    const gpu_int32 & ref ) [inline]
```

atomic load

## Parameters

<i>ref</i>	reference to local or global memory address. The value referenced must be of 32 or 64 bit signed or unsigned integral or floating point type.
------------	-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------

**Returns**

value at location 'ref'

**4.1.2.8 atomic\_load() [2/4]**

```
gpu_int64 goopax::impl::atomic_load (
    const gpu_int64 & ref ) [inline]
```

atomic load

**Parameters**

<i>ref</i>	reference to local or global memory address. The value referenced must be of 32 or 64 bit signed or unsigned integral or floating point type.
------------	-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------

**Returns**

value at location 'ref'

**4.1.2.9 atomic\_load() [3/4]**

```
gpu_uint32 goopax::impl::atomic_load (
    const gpu_uint32 & ref ) [inline]
```

atomic load

**Parameters**

<i>ref</i>	reference to local or global memory address. The value referenced must be of 32 or 64 bit signed or unsigned integral or floating point type.
------------	-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------

**Returns**

value at location 'ref'

**4.1.2.10 atomic\_load() [4/4]**

```
gpu_uint64 goopax::impl::atomic_load (
    const gpu_uint64 & ref ) [inline]
```

atomic load

## Parameters

<i>ref</i>	reference to local or global memory address. The value referenced must be of 32 or 64 bit signed or unsigned integral or floating point type.
------------	-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------

## Returns

value at location 'ref'

## 4.1.2.11 atomic\_max()

```
gpu_uint32 goopax::impl::atomic_max (
    gpu_uint32 & ref,
    const gpu_uint32 value ) [inline]
```

atomic max

## Parameters

<i>ref</i>	reference to local or global memory address. The value referenced must be of 32 or 64 bit signed or unsigned integral type.
<i>value</i>	value to perform max operation with

## Returns

previous value

## 4.1.2.12 atomic\_min()

```
gpu_uint32 goopax::impl::atomic_min (
    gpu_uint32 & ref,
    const gpu_uint32 value ) [inline]
```

atomic min

## Parameters

<i>ref</i>	reference to local or global memory address. The value referenced must be of 32 or 64 bit signed or unsigned integral type.
<i>value</i>	value to perform min operation with

## Returns

previous value

#### 4.1.2.13 atomic\_or()

```
gpu_uint32 goopax::impl::atomic_or (
    gpu_uint32 & ref,
    const gpu_uint32 value ) [inline]
```

atomic or

##### Parameters

<i>ref</i>	reference to local or global memory address. The value referenced must be of 32 or 64 bit signed or unsigned integral type.
<i>value</i>	value to perform or operation with

##### Returns

previous value

#### 4.1.2.14 atomic\_sub() [1/4]

```
gpu_int32 goopax::impl::atomic_sub (
    gpu_int32 & ref,
    gpu_int32 value ) [inline]
```

atomic sub

##### Parameters

<i>ref</i>	reference to local or global memory address. The value referenced must be of 32 or 64 bit signed or unsigned integral type.
------------	-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------

##### Returns

previous value

#### 4.1.2.15 atomic\_sub() [2/4]

```
gpu_int64 goopax::impl::atomic_sub (
    gpu_int64 & ref,
    gpu_int64 value ) [inline]
```

atomic sub

## Parameters

<i>ref</i>	reference to local or global memory address. The value referenced must be of 32 or 64 bit signed or unsigned integral type.
------------	-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------

## Returns

previous value

**4.1.2.16 atomic\_sub()** [3/4]

```
gpu_uint32 goopax::impl::atomic_sub (  
    gpu_uint32 & ref,  
    gpu_uint32 value ) [inline]
```

atomic sub

## Parameters

<i>ref</i>	reference to local or global memory address. The value referenced must be of 32 or 64 bit signed or unsigned integral type.
------------	-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------

## Returns

previous value

**4.1.2.17 atomic\_sub()** [4/4]

```
gpu_uint64 goopax::impl::atomic_sub (  
    gpu_uint64 & ref,  
    gpu_uint64 value ) [inline]
```

atomic sub

## Parameters

<i>ref</i>	reference to local or global memory address. The value referenced must be of 32 or 64 bit signed or unsigned integral type.
------------	-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------

## Returns

previous value

**4.1.2.18 atomic\_xchg()** [1/3]

```
gpu_double goopax::impl::atomic_xchg (
    gpu_double & ref,
    const gpu_double value ) [inline]
```

atomic exchange

**Parameters**

<i>ref</i>	reference to local or global memory address. The value referenced must be of 32 or 64 bit signed or unsigned integral or floating point type.
<i>value</i>	value to write

**Returns**

previous value

**4.1.2.19 atomic\_xchg()** [2/3]

```
gpu_float goopax::impl::atomic_xchg (
    gpu_float & ref,
    const gpu_float value ) [inline]
```

atomic exchange

**Parameters**

<i>ref</i>	reference to local or global memory address. The value referenced must be of 32 or 64 bit signed or unsigned integral or floating point type.
<i>value</i>	value to write

**Returns**

previous value

**4.1.2.20 atomic\_xchg()** [3/3]

```
gpu_uint32 goopax::impl::atomic_xchg (
    gpu_uint32 & ref,
    const gpu_uint32 value ) [inline]
```

atomic exchange

## Parameters

<i>ref</i>	reference to local or global memory address. The value referenced must be of 32 or 64 bit signed or unsigned integral or floating point type.
<i>value</i>	value to write

## Returns

previous value

**4.1.2.21 atomic\_xor()**

```
gpu_uint32 goopax::impl::atomic_xor (
    gpu_uint32 & ref,
    const gpu_uint32 value ) [inline]
```

atomic xor

## Parameters

<i>ref</i>	reference to local or global memory address. The value referenced must be of 32 or 64 bit signed or unsigned integral type.
<i>value</i>	value to perform xor operation with

## Returns

previous value

## 4.2 memory resources

### Classes

- class `resource< T, SIZE_TYPE, is_const >`
- class `buffer_map< T, is_const >`
- class `buffer< T, SIZE_TYPE >`
- class `local_scope_mem< T, SCOPE >`
- struct `sresource< STR, BASE >`

### Typedefs

- template<typename T >  
using `local_mem` = `local_scope_mem< T, memory::threadgroup >`
- template<typename T >  
using `private_mem` = `local_scope_mem< T, memory::thread >`

### Enumerations

- enum `BUFFER_FLAGS` { `BUFFER_READ_WRITE` = 1, `BUFFER_READ_ONLY` = 2, `BUFFER_WRITE_ONLY` = 4, `BUFFER_WRITE_DISCARD` = 8 }

#### 4.2.1 Detailed Description

#### 4.2.2 Typedef Documentation

##### 4.2.2.1 local\_mem

```
using local_mem = local_scope_mem<T, memory::threadgroup>
```

local memory. This memory can be accessed by all threads in the workgroup.

##### 4.2.2.2 private\_mem

```
using private_mem = local_scope_mem<T, memory::thread>
```

private memory. Each thread has its own private memory. No other thread can access it.

#### 4.2.3 Enumeration Type Documentation

##### 4.2.3.1 BUFFER\_FLAGS

```
enum BUFFER_FLAGS
```

Buffer access flags

## Enumerator

BUFFER_READ_WRITE	read/write access
BUFFER_READ_ONLY	read-only access
BUFFER_WRITE_ONLY	write-only access
BUFFER_WRITE_DISCARD	write-only, previous values are not preserved

## 4.3 OpenCL interoperability

### Functions

- static `buffer create_from_cl` (`goopax_device` device, `_cl_mem *mem`)
- `cl_platform_id get_cl_platform` (`goopax_device` device)
- `cl_context get_cl_context` (const `goopax_device` device)
- `cl_command_queue get_cl_queue` (const `goopax_device` device)
- `cl_device_id get_cl_device` (const `goopax_device` device)
- `vector< string > get_cl_platform_extensions` (const `goopax_device` device)
- `vector< string > get_cl_device_extensions` (const `goopax_device` device)
- bool `have_cl_platform_extension` (const string &s, const `goopax_device` device)
- bool `have_cl_device_extension` (const string &s, const `goopax_device` device)
- `template<class BUF >`  
`cl_mem get_cl_mem` (const BUF &buf)
- `goopax_device get_device_from_cl_queue` (`cl_command_queue` queue)
- static `image_buffer create_from_cl` (`goopax_device` device, `_cl_mem *mem`)
- static `image_array_buffer create_from_cl` (`goopax_device` device, `_cl_mem *mem`)

### 4.3.1 Detailed Description

OpenCL interoperability functions. These can be used to use existing OpenCL kernels in conjunction with GOOPAX.

### 4.3.2 Function Documentation

#### 4.3.2.1 `create_from_cl()` [1/3]

```
static buffer create_from_cl (
    goopax_device device,
    _cl_mem * mem ) [inline], [static]
```

create buffer from OpenCL memory buffer

#### Parameters

<i>device</i>	GOOPAX device
<i>mem</i>	OpenCL memory buffer

#### 4.3.2.2 `create_from_cl()` [2/3]

```
image_buffer< DIM, T, normalized > create_from_cl (
    goopax_device device,
    _cl_mem * mem ) [inline], [static]
```

Create image buffer from existing OpenCL image.

## Parameters

<i>device</i>	goopax device that corresponds to the OpenCL device
<i>mem</i>	OpenCL memory resource

**4.3.2.3 create\_from\_cl()** [3/3]

```
image_array_buffer< DIM, T, normalized > create_from_cl (
    goopax_device device,
    _cl_mem * mem ) [inline], [static]
```

Create image array buffer from existing OpenCL image array.

## Parameters

<i>device</i>	goopax device that corresponds to the OpenCL device
<i>mem</i>	OpenCL memory resource

**4.3.2.4 get\_cl\_context()**

```
cl_context goopax::impl::get_cl_context (
    const goopax_device device ) [inline]
```

Get OpenCL context from goopax device

**4.3.2.5 get\_cl\_device()**

```
cl_device_id goopax::impl::get_cl_device (
    const goopax_device device ) [inline]
```

Get OpenCL device from goopax device

**4.3.2.6 get\_cl\_device\_extensions()**

```
vector<string> goopax::impl::get_cl_device_extensions (
    const goopax_device device ) [inline]
```

Get OpenCL device extensions for the given goopax device

**4.3.2.7 get\_cl\_mem()**

```
cl_mem goopax::impl::get_cl_mem (
    const BUF & buf ) [inline]
```

Returns OpenCL memory handle for the goopax buffer or [image\\_buffer](#)

## Parameters

<i>buf</i>	buffer, <a href="#">image_buffer</a> , or <a href="#">image_array_buffer</a>
------------	------------------------------------------------------------------------------

#### 4.3.2.8 `get_cl_platform()`

```
cl_platform_id goopax::impl::get_cl_platform (
    goopax_device device ) [inline]
```

Get OpenCL platform from goopax device

#### 4.3.2.9 `get_cl_platform_extensions()`

```
vector<string> goopax::impl::get_cl_platform_extensions (
    const goopax_device device ) [inline]
```

Get OpenCL platform extensions for the given goopax device

#### 4.3.2.10 `get_cl_queue()`

```
cl_command_queue goopax::impl::get_cl_queue (
    const goopax_device device ) [inline]
```

Get OpenCL queue from goopax device

#### 4.3.2.11 `get_device_from_cl_queue()`

```
goopax_device goopax::impl::get_device_from_cl_queue (
    cl_command_queue queue ) [inline]
```

Create goopax device from OpenCL queue

#### 4.3.2.12 `have_cl_device_extension()`

```
bool goopax::impl::have_cl_device_extension (
    const string & s,
    const goopax_device device ) [inline]
```

Test if OpenCL device extension is available for the device.

#### 4.3.2.13 `have_cl_platform_extension()`

```
bool goopax::impl::have_cl_platform_extension (
    const string & s,
    const goopax_device device ) [inline]
```

Test if OpenCL platform extension is available for the device.

## 4.4 cpu and gpu functions

CPU functions In the namespace `goopax::extra_operators` additional function definitions for CPU data types are provided that otherwise are only provided for gpu data types.

### Functions

- `template<typename T, typename = typename enable_if<is_integral<T>::value>::type>`  
`Tuint popcount (T i)`
- `template<typename T, typename = typename enable_if<is_integral<T>::value && (sizeof(typename unrangetype_core<T>::type)>`  
`Tuint clz (T i)`
- `Tuint clz (uint64_t i)`
- `template<typename I, typename = typename enable_if<is_integral<I>::value>::type>`  
`I rotl (I a, Tint b)`
- `template<typename I, typename = typename enable_if<is_integral<I>::value>::type>`  
`I rotr (I a, Tint b)`
- `double sinpi (double x)`
- `float sinpi (float x)`
- `half sinpi (half x)`
- `double cospi (double x)`
- `float cospi (float x)`
- `half cospi (half x)`
- `double tanpi (double x)`
- `float tanpi (float x)`
- `half tanpi (half x)`
- `double asinpi (double x)`
- `float asinpi (float x)`
- `half asinpi (half x)`
- `double acospi (double x)`
- `float acospi (float x)`
- `half acospi (half x)`
- `double atanpi (double x)`
- `float atanpi (float x)`
- `half atanpi (half x)`
- `template<typename T, typename Enable >`  
`gpu_type< T > min (gpu_type< T > a, gpu_type< T > b)`
- `template<typename T, typename Enable >`  
`gpu_type< T > max (gpu_type< T > a, gpu_type< T > b)`
- `template<typename T >`  
`gpu_type< T > clamp (gpu_type< T > a, typename enable_if< true, gpu_type< T >::type b, typename enable_if< true, gpu_type< T >::type c)`
- `template<typename T >`  
`gpu_type< T > clamp (gpu_type< T > a, gpu_type< T > b, gpu_type< T > c)`
- `template<typename T >`  
`gpu_type< T > min (gpu_type< T > a, typename unrangetype_core< T >::type b)`
- `template<typename T >`  
`gpu_type< T > min (typename unrangetype_core< T >::type a, gpu_type< T > b)`
- `template<typename T >`  
`gpu_type< T > max (gpu_type< T > a, typename unrangetype_core< T >::type b)`
- `template<typename T >`  
`gpu_type< T > max (typename unrangetype_core< T >::type a, gpu_type< T > b)`
- `template<typename T, typename = typename enable_if<(is_integral<T>::value && !is_same<T, bool>::value)>`  
`gpu_type< typename make_unsigned< T >::type > abs (gpu_type< T > a)`

- `template<typename T, typename Enable = typename enable_if<(is_integral<T>::value && !is_same<T, bool>::value)> gpu_uint clz (gpu_type< T > a)`
- `template<typename T, typename Enable = typename enable_if<(is_integral<T>::value && !is_same<T, bool>::value)> gpu_uint popcount (gpu_type< T > a)`
- `template<typename T, typename Enable = typename enable_if<(is_integral<T>::value && !is_same<T, bool>::value)::type> gpu_type< T > rotl (gpu_type< T > a, gpu_int b)`
- `template<typename T, typename Enable = typename enable_if<(is_integral<T>::value && !is_same<T, bool>::value)::type> gpu_type< T > rotr (gpu_type< T > a, gpu_int b)`

### 4.4.1 Detailed Description

CPU functions In the namespace `goopax::extra_operators` additional function definitions for CPU data types are provided that otherwise are only provided for gpu data types.

### 4.4.2 Function Documentation

#### 4.4.2.1 `abs()`

```
gpu_type<typename make_unsigned<T>::type> goopax::impl::abs (
    gpu_type< T > a )
```

returns absolute value. if `a` is an integer, the return type is unsigned.

#### 4.4.2.2 `acospi()` [1/3]

```
double goopax::impl::acospi (
    double x ) [inline]
```

`acos(x) / PI`

#### 4.4.2.3 `acospi()` [2/3]

```
float goopax::impl::acospi (
    float x ) [inline]
```

`acos(x) / PI`

#### 4.4.2.4 `acospi()` [3/3]

```
half goopax::impl::acospi (
    half x ) [inline]
```

`acos(x) / PI`

#### 4.4.2.5 asinpi() [1/3]

```
double goopax::impl::asinpi (
    double x ) [inline]
```

asin(x) / PI

#### 4.4.2.6 asinpi() [2/3]

```
float goopax::impl::asinpi (
    float x ) [inline]
```

asin(x) / PI

#### 4.4.2.7 asinpi() [3/3]

```
half goopax::impl::asinpi (
    half x ) [inline]
```

asin(x) / PI

#### 4.4.2.8 atanpi() [1/3]

```
double goopax::impl::atanpi (
    double x ) [inline]
```

acos(x) / PI

#### 4.4.2.9 atanpi() [2/3]

```
float goopax::impl::atanpi (
    float x ) [inline]
```

acos(x) / PI

#### 4.4.2.10 atanpi() [3/3]

```
half goopax::impl::atanpi (
    half x ) [inline]
```

acos(x) / PI

#### 4.4.2.11 clamp() [1/2]

```
gpu_type<T> goopax::impl::clamp (
    gpu_type< T > a,
    gpu_type< T > b,
    gpu_type< T > c )
```

clamping a to range (b,c). Similar to max(min(a, c), b)

**4.4.2.12 clamp()** [2/2]

```
gpu_type<T> goopax::impl::clamp (
    gpu_type< T > a,
    typename enable_if< true, gpu_type< T >>::type b,
    typename enable_if< true, gpu_type< T >>::type c )
```

clamping a to range (b,c). Similar to  $\max(\min(a, c), b)$

**4.4.2.13 clz()** [1/3]

```
gpu_uint goopax::impl::clz (
    gpu_type< T > a )
```

Counts the number of leading zeros in the given value of integral type

**4.4.2.14 clz()** [2/3]

```
Tuint goopax::impl::clz (
    T i )
```

Counts the number of leading zeros in the given value of integral type

**4.4.2.15 clz()** [3/3]

```
Tuint goopax::impl::clz (
    uint64_t i ) [inline]
```

Counts the number of leading zeros in the given value of integral type

**4.4.2.16 cospi()** [1/3]

```
double goopax::impl::cospi (
    double x ) [inline]
```

$\cos(x*\pi)$

**4.4.2.17 cospi()** [2/3]

```
float goopax::impl::cospi (
    float x ) [inline]
```

$\cos(x*\pi)$

**4.4.2.18 cospi()** [3/3]

```
half goopax::impl::cospi (
    half x ) [inline]
```

$\cos(x*\pi)$

#### 4.4.2.19 max() [1/3]

```
gpu_type< T > max (
    gpu_type< T > a,
    gpu_type< T > b )
```

maximum of both numbers

#### 4.4.2.20 max() [2/3]

```
gpu_type<T> goopax::impl::max (
    gpu_type< T > a,
    typename unrangetype_core< T >::type b )
```

#### 4.4.2.21 max() [3/3]

```
gpu_type<T> goopax::impl::max (
    typename unrangetype_core< T >::type a,
    gpu_type< T > b )
```

#### 4.4.2.22 min() [1/3]

```
gpu_type< T > min (
    gpu_type< T > a,
    gpu_type< T > b )
```

minimum of both numbers

#### 4.4.2.23 min() [2/3]

```
gpu_type<T> goopax::impl::min (
    gpu_type< T > a,
    typename unrangetype_core< T >::type b )
```

#### 4.4.2.24 min() [3/3]

```
gpu_type<T> goopax::impl::min (
    typename unrangetype_core< T >::type a,
    gpu_type< T > b )
```

**4.4.2.25 popcount() [1/2]**

```
gpu_uint goopax::impl::popcount (
    gpu_type< T > a )
```

Counts the number of bits

**4.4.2.26 popcount() [2/2]**

```
Tuint goopax::impl::popcount (
    T i )
```

Counts the number of bits in the given value of integral type

**4.4.2.27 rotl() [1/2]**

```
gpu_type<T> goopax::impl::rotl (
    gpu_type< T > a,
    gpu_int b )
```

rotate left

**4.4.2.28 rotl() [2/2]**

```
I goopax::impl::rotl (
    I a,
    Tint b )
```

rotate left

**4.4.2.29 rotr() [1/2]**

```
gpu_type<T> goopax::impl::rotr (
    gpu_type< T > a,
    gpu_int b )
```

rotate right

**4.4.2.30 rotr() [2/2]**

```
I goopax::impl::rotr (
    I a,
    Tint b )
```

rotate right

**4.4.2.31 sinpi()** [1/3]

```
double goopax::impl::sinpi (  
    double x ) [inline]
```

sin(x\*PI)

**4.4.2.32 sinpi()** [2/3]

```
float goopax::impl::sinpi (  
    float x ) [inline]
```

sin(x\*PI)

**4.4.2.33 sinpi()** [3/3]

```
half goopax::impl::sinpi (  
    half x ) [inline]
```

sin(x\*PI)

**4.4.2.34 tanpi()** [1/3]

```
double goopax::impl::tanpi (  
    double x ) [inline]
```

tan(x\*PI)

**4.4.2.35 tanpi()** [2/3]

```
float goopax::impl::tanpi (  
    float x ) [inline]
```

tan(x\*PI)

**4.4.2.36 tanpi()** [3/3]

```
half goopax::impl::tanpi (  
    half x ) [inline]
```

tan(x\*PI)

## 4.5 CUDA interoperability

### Functions

- static `buffer create_from_cuda` (`goopax_device` device, `void *mem`, `size_t size`)
- CUdevice `get_cuda_device` (`goopax_device` device)

#### 4.5.1 Detailed Description

#### 4.5.2 Function Documentation

##### 4.5.2.1 `create_from_cuda()`

```
static buffer create_from_cuda (
    goopax_device device,
    void * mem,
    size_t size ) [inline], [static]
```

create buffer from CUDA buffer

##### Parameters

<i>device</i>	GOOPAX device
<i>pointer</i>	to CUDA device memory
<i>size</i>	size in number of elements of type T

##### 4.5.2.2 `get_cuda_device()`

```
CUdevice goopax::impl::get_cuda_device (
    goopax_device device ) [inline]
```

get CUDA device from GOOPAX device

##### Parameters

<i>device</i>	GOOPAX device
---------------	---------------

##### Returns

CUDA device

## 4.6 Thread numbers

### querying the current thread id

- `gpu_uint thread_id_in_warp ()`
- `gpu_uint warp_id_in_group ()`
- `gpu_uint local_id ()`
- `gpu_uint group_id ()`
- `gpu_uint global_id ()`

### querying the thread layout of the current kernel

- `Tuint warp_size ()`
- `Tuint local_size ()`
- `Tuint num_groups ()`
- `Tuint global_size ()`
- `Tuint num_subthreads ()`
- `Tuint max_local_mem ()`

#### 4.6.1 Detailed Description

These functions can be used to query the thread layout, the number of threads, and the id of the current thread. All functions may only be called within a kernel.

The threads are organized hierarchically:

- Programming normally occurs at the level of individual threads.
- A warp contains individual threads that execute SIMD instructions. Threads within a warp cannot branch into if clauses or loops without all other threads in the warp waiting. The functions `ballot()` and `shuffle()` can be used for fast inner-warp communication
- A workgroup contains one or more warps. Threads within a workgroup can communicate via local memory
- The total number of threads consists of multiple workgroups. Threads of different workgroups can only communicate via global memory by using atomic access functions.

#### 4.6.2 Function Documentation

##### 4.6.2.1 `global_id()`

```
gpu_uint goopax::impl::gpu_thread::global_id ( ) [inline]
```

Returns the total thread ID on the GPU. Equals `group_id()*local_size() + local_id()`. May only be called in a GPU kernel.

#### 4.6.2.2 global\_size()

```
Tuint goopax::impl::gpu_thread::global_size ( ) [inline]
```

Returns the total number of threads on the GPU. Equals `local_size()*num_groups()`. May only be called in a GPU kernel

#### 4.6.2.3 group\_id()

```
gpu_uint goopax::impl::gpu_thread::group_id ( ) [inline]
```

Returns the workgroup ID. May only be called in a GPU kernel.

#### 4.6.2.4 local\_id()

```
gpu_uint local_id ( ) [inline]
```

Returns the local thread ID in the workgroup. May only be called in a GPU kernel.

Returns the local thread ID in the workgroup. May only be called in a GPU kernel.

#### 4.6.2.5 local\_size()

```
Tuint local_size ( ) [inline]
```

Returns the workgroup size. May only be called in a GPU kernel

Returns the workgroup size. May only be called in a GPU kernel

#### 4.6.2.6 max\_local\_mem()

```
Tuint goopax::impl::gpu_thread::max_local_mem ( ) [inline]
```

Returns the maximum amount of local memory for each workgroup. May only be called in a GPU kernel

#### 4.6.2.7 num\_groups()

```
Tuint goopax::impl::gpu_thread::num_groups ( ) [inline]
```

Returns the number of workgroups. May only be called in a GPU kernel

#### 4.6.2.8 num\_subthreads()

```
Tuint goopax::impl::gpu_thread::num_subthreads ( ) [inline]
```

Returns the instruction level parallelization that works best for the GPU. May only be called in a GPU kernel

#### 4.6.2.9 thread\_id\_in\_warp()

```
gpu_uint goopax::impl::gpu_thread::thread_id_in_warp ( ) [inline]
```

Returns the id in the current warp. May only be called in a GPU kernel.

#### 4.6.2.10 warp\_id\_in\_group()

```
gpu_uint goopax::impl::gpu_thread::warp_id_in_group ( ) [inline]
```

Returns the warp id in the current group. May only be called in a GPU kernel.

#### 4.6.2.11 warp\_size()

```
Tuint warp_size ( ) [inline]
```

Returns the warp size of the device for which the kernel is being built. May only be called in a GPU kernel. The warp size is typically the SIMD instruction width. Threads within a warp cannot branch into loops and if-clauses without all other threads waiting for them to finish.

Returns the warp size of the device for which the kernel is being built. May only be called in a GPU kernel. The warp size is typically the SIMD instruction width. Threads within a warp cannot branch into loops and if-clauses without all other threads waiting for them to finish.

## 4.7 Device

### Classes

- class `goopax_device`  
*Goopax device. This class is used to reference the physical devices in the system.*

### Enumerations

- enum `envmode` { ,  
`env_CPU = 1, env_CL = 2, env_CUDA = 4, env_METAL = 8,`  
`env_GPU = 0xfffe, env_ALL = 0xffffffff }`

### Functions

- `envmode operator|` (`envmode a, envmode b`)
- `goopax_device get_current_build_device` ()
- `vector< goopax_device > devices` (`envmode backend=env_GPU`)
- `goopax_device default_device` (`envmode backend=env_GPU`)

#### 4.7.1 Detailed Description

#### 4.7.2 Enumeration Type Documentation

##### 4.7.2.1 envmode

enum `envmode`

Specifies which backend to use. When multiple backends are set, CUDA and METAL will be preferred over CL for devices that support them.

##### Enumerator

<code>env_CPU</code>	CPU backend.
<code>env_CL</code>	OpenCL backend.
<code>env_CUDA</code>	CUDA backend.
<code>env_METAL</code>	Metal backend.
<code>env_GPU</code>	Any GPU backend.
<code>env_ALL</code>	Any backend, CPU and GPU.

#### 4.7.3 Function Documentation

#### 4.7.3.1 default\_device()

```
goopax_device goopax::impl::default_device (
    envmode backend = env_GPU ) [inline]
```

Get the fastest available device for the given backend(s)

##### Returns

best suitable device. If no usable device is found, the returned value will be default-constructed, and `goopax_device::valid()` will return false on it.

##### Parameters

<i>backend</i>	which backend(s) to use.
----------------	--------------------------

#### 4.7.3.2 devices()

```
vector<goopax_device> goopax::impl::devices (
    envmode backend = env_GPU ) [inline]
```

Get vector of available devices for the given backend(s) Devices that are both CUDA and OpenCL capable will show up both for the `env_CUDA` and for the `env_CL` backend, but they will only be returned once if the both `env_CL` and `env_CUDA` flags are selected. Equally, devices that support the Metal backend may also show up if the `env_CL` backend is selected without the `env_METAL` backend.

##### Returns

vector of devices. If no usable devices are found, an empty list is returned.

##### Parameters

<i>backend</i>	which backend(s) to use.
----------------	--------------------------

#### 4.7.3.3 get\_current\_build\_device()

```
goopax_device goopax::impl::get_current_build_device ( ) [inline]
```

Returns the device for which the current kernel is being built. Only valid while building kernel.

#### 4.7.3.4 operator" | ()

```
envmode goopax::operator| (
    envmode a,
    envmode b ) [inline]
```

## 4.8 Gather return values

### Classes

- struct [gather\\_add< T >](#)
- struct [gather\\_min< T >](#)
- struct [gather\\_max< T >](#)

### 4.8.1 Detailed Description

gather types. These types can be used to gather values from the GPU threads to return values from GPU kernels. Some types are predefined here. User-defined types can be added accordingly. See the predefined types in `gather.h` for how this is done. If used as return type or reference argument of the `program()` function of GPU kernels, values are returned as [goopax\\_future](#) when the kernel is called.

## 4.9 OpenGL interoperability

### Functions

- void `flush_gl_interop` (`goopax_device` device)
- static `buffer create_from_gl` (`goopax_device` device, unsigned int `GLres`, `BUFFER_FLAGS` flags=`BUFFER_READ_WRITE`)
- static `image_buffer create_from_gl` (`goopax_device` device, unsigned int `GLres`, `IMAGE_FLAGS` flags=`IMAGE_READ_WRITE`, unsigned int `GLtarget`=(`DIM==1` ? `0x0DE0` :(`DIM==2` ? `0x0DE1` :`0x806F`)), int `miplevel`=0)
- static `image_array_buffer create_from_gl` (`goopax_device` device, unsigned int `GLres`, `IMAGE_FLAGS` flags=`IMAGE_READ_WRITE`, unsigned int `GLtarget`=(`DIM==1` ? `0x0DE0` :(`DIM==2` ? `0x0DE1` :`0x806F`)), int `miplevel`=0)

### 4.9.1 Detailed Description

### 4.9.2 Function Documentation

#### 4.9.2.1 `create_from_gl()` [1/3]

```
buffer< T, SIZE_TYPE > create_from_gl (
    goopax_device device,
    unsigned int GLres,
    BUFFER_FLAGS flags = BUFFER_READ_WRITE ) [inline], [static]
```

Create goopax buffer from existing OpenGL buffer

#### Parameters

<i>device</i>	goopax device
<i>GLres</i>	buffer ID of OpenGL buffer
<i>flags</i>	access type

#### 4.9.2.2 `create_from_gl()` [2/3]

```
image_buffer< DIM, T, normalized > create_from_gl (
    goopax_device device,
    unsigned int GLres,
    IMAGE_FLAGS flags = IMAGE_READ_WRITE,
    unsigned int GLtarget = (DIM == 1 ? 0x0DE0 : (DIM == 2 ? 0x0DE1 : 0x806F)),
    int miplevel = 0 ) [inline], [static]
```

Creates image that is linked to existing OpenGL image.

## Parameters

<i>device</i>	goopax device that contains the OpenGL image
<i>GLres</i>	OpenGL resource ID
<i>flags</i>	access type. Must be one of IMAGE_READ_WRITE, IMAGE_READ_ONLY, IMAGE_WRITE_ONLY, IMAGE_WRITE_DISCARD
<i>GLtarget</i>	OpenGL target. Defaults to GL_TEXTURE_1D or GL_TEXTURE_2D for 1D/2D images.
<i>miplevel</i>	OpenGL miplevel of the texture. Defaults to 0.

## 4.9.2.3 create\_from\_gl() [3/3]

```
image_array_buffer< DIM, T, normalized > create_from_gl (
    goopax_device device,
    unsigned int GLres,
    IMAGE_FLAGS flags = IMAGE_READ_WRITE,
    unsigned int GLtarget = (DIM == 1 ? 0x0DE0 : (DIM == 2 ? 0x0DE1 : 0x806F)),
    int miplevel = 0 ) [inline], [static]
```

Creates image array that is linked to existing OpenGL image.

## Parameters

<i>device</i>	goopax device that contains the OpenGL image
<i>GLres</i>	OpenGL resource ID
<i>flags</i>	access type. Must be one of IMAGE_READ_WRITE, IMAGE_READ_ONLY, IMAGE_WRITE_ONLY, IMAGE_WRITE_DISCARD
<i>GLtarget</i>	OpenGL target. Defaults to GL_TEXTURE_1D or GL_TEXTURE_2D for 1D/2D images.
<i>miplevel</i>	OpenGL miplevel of the texture. Defaults to 0.

## 4.9.2.4 flush\_gl\_interop()

```
void goopax::impl::flush_gl_interop (
    goopax_device device ) [inline]
```

Must be called before calling OpenGL functions on shared OpenGL buffers or images that exist on the given device.

## 4.10 Math

### Functions

- `template<typename T, typename = typename enable_if<is_floating_point<T>::value>::type> gpu_type< T > pow (gpu_type< T > a, int ENUM, unsigned int DENOM=1)`
- `template<int ENUM, unsigned int DENOM, class T, class ENABLE = typename enable_if<is_floating_point<T>::value>::type> gpu_type< T > pow (const gpu_type< T > a)`
- `template<class T, class ENABLE = typename enable_if<is_floating_point<T>::value>::type> gpu_type< T > pow (const gpu_type< T > a, const gpu_type< T > b)`
- `template<class T, class D, class ENABLE = typename enable_if<is_floating_point<T>::value && is_floating_point<D>::value>::type> gpu_type< T > pow (const gpu_type< T > a, const D b)`
- `gpu_half sqrt (gpu_half a)`  
*Square root.*
- `gpu_float sqrt (gpu_float a)`  
*Square root.*
- `gpu_double sqrt (gpu_double a)`  
*Square root.*
- `gpu_half cbrt (gpu_half a)`  
*Cubic root.*
- `gpu_float cbrt (gpu_float a)`  
*Cubic root.*
- `gpu_double cbrt (gpu_double a)`  
*Cubic root.*

#### 4.10.1 Detailed Description

#### 4.10.2 Function Documentation

##### 4.10.2.1 pow() [1/4]

```
gpu_type<T> goopax::impl::pow (
    const gpu_type< T > a )
```

Returns a to the power (ENUM/DENOM).

##### 4.10.2.2 pow() [2/4]

```
gpu_type<T> goopax::impl::pow (
    const gpu_type< T > a,
    const D b )
```

Returns a to the power b.

#### 4.10.2.3 pow() [3/4]

```
gpu_type<T> goopax::impl::pow (
    const gpu_type< T > a,
    const gpu_type< T > b )
```

Returns a to the power b.

#### 4.10.2.4 pow() [4/4]

```
gpu_type<T> goopax::impl::pow (
    gpu_type< T > a,
    int ENUM,
    unsigned int DENOM = 1 ) [inline]
```

Returns a to the power (ENUM/DENOM).

## 4.11 debugging

### Classes

- class [gpu\\_ostream](#)

### Macros

- #define [gpu\\_assert](#)(...) ::goopax::impl::gpu\_assert\_impl((\_\_VA\_ARGS\_\_), \_\_FILE\_\_, \_\_LINE\_\_, #\_\_VA\_ARGS\_\_);

#### 4.11.1 Detailed Description

For debugging, various methods are provided. The `gpu_ostream` streaming class can be used to provide output from within a kernel. The `gpu_assert` macro can be placed in kernels for validity checks. The `checknan` data type does extensive automatic error checks on memory access.

#### 4.11.2 Macro Definition Documentation

##### 4.11.2.1 `gpu_assert`

```
#define gpu_assert(  
    ... ) ::goopax::impl::gpu_assert_impl((__VA_ARGS__), __FILE__, __LINE__, #__VA_ARGS__);
```

asserts that the given value of type `gpu_bool` is true. If not, an error message is displayed, and an exception is thrown.

## 4.12 Types

### Classes

- struct [gettype< T, EIF >](#)

*type info and type conversion mechanism* With the `gettype` struct, CPU and GPU types can be converted to each other, and type information obtained `typename gettype<T>::cpu` converts `T` to the corresponding CPU type. `T` can be CPU type, GPU type, or CPU debug type, or a `goopax` struct type. `typename gettype<T>::gpu` converts `T` to the corresponding GPU type. `T` can be CPU type, GPU type, or CPU debug type, or a `goopax` struct type. `gettype<T>::size` provides the size of type `T` in bytes. `T` can be CPU type, GPU type, or CPU debug type, or a `goopax` struct type. `typename gettype<T>::template change<U>::type` changes the type of `T` to type `U` while preserving CPU/GPU/debug mode. If `T` is CPU type, the resulting type is also a CPU type. If `T` is GPU type, the resulting type is a GPU type. If `T` is debug data type, the resulting type is also a debug data type.

- class [gpu\\_type< T, scope >](#)

#### 4.12.1 Detailed Description

gpu types, used in gpu kernels.

## 4.13 Operators

### Functions

- `template<typename T , memory::scope memscope>`  
`gpu_type< T, memscope > cond (const gpu_bool &c, const gpu_type< T, memscope > &a, const gpu_type< T, memscope > &b)`
- `template<typename V1 , typename V2 , typename BOOL , typename = typename enable_if<is_container<V1>::value && is_↵ container<V2>::value>::type>`  
`auto cond (const BOOL &c, const V1 &a, const V2 &b) -> typename changetype< V1, typename remove_↵ _reference< decltype(cond(c, a[0], b[0]))>::type >::type`
- `template<class A >`  
`A cond (gpu_bool c, const A &a, const A &b, typename enable_if< is_gpu_struct< A >::value &&is_same< typename get_X_type< A >::type, xtype_gpu >::value >::type *!=nullptr)`
- `template<class A >`  
`A cond (bool c, const A &a, const A &b, typename enable_if< is_gpu_struct< A >::value &&is_checknan< typename get_X_type< A >::type >::value >::type *!=nullptr)`
- `template<class A >`  
`A cond (bool c, const A &a, const A &b, typename enable_if< is_gpu_struct< A >::value &&is_same< typename get_X_type< A >::type, xtype_int >::value >::type *!=nullptr)`

#### 4.13.1 Detailed Description

#### 4.13.2 Function Documentation

##### 4.13.2.1 cond() [1/5]

```
A goopax::impl::cond (
    bool c,
    const A & a,
    const A & b,
    typename enable_if< is_gpu_struct< A >::value &&is_checknan< typename get_X_↵
type< A >::type >::value >::type * = nullptr )
```

conditional operator.

##### Parameters

<i>c</i>	condition
<i>a</i>	input value a
<i>b</i>	input value b
<i>return</i>	<code>c ? a : b</code>

##### 4.13.2.2 cond() [2/5]

```
A goopax::impl::cond (
```

```

    bool c,
    const A & a,
    const A & b,
    typename enable_if< is_gpu_struct< A >::value &&is_same< typename get_X_type< A
>::type, xtype_int >::value >::type * = nullptr )

```

conditional operator.

#### Parameters

<i>c</i>	condition
<i>a</i>	input value a
<i>b</i>	input value b
<i>return</i>	<i>c</i> ? <i>a</i> : <i>b</i>

#### 4.13.2.3 cond() [3/5]

```

auto goopax::impl::cond (
    const BOOL & c,
    const V1 & a,
    const V2 & b ) -> typename changetype<V1, typename remove_reference<decltype( cond(c,
a[0], b[0]))>::type>::type [inline]

```

conditional function, overload for vectors and arrays

#### 4.13.2.4 cond() [4/5]

```

gpu_type< T, memscope > cond (
    const gpu_bool & c,
    const gpu_type< T, memscope > & a,
    const gpu_type< T, memscope > & b ) [inline]

```

conditional operator conditional function. Returns *c* ? *a* : *b*

conditional function. Returns *c* ? *a* : *b*

#### 4.13.2.5 cond() [5/5]

```

A goopax::impl::cond (
    gpu_bool c,
    const A & a,
    const A & b,
    typename enable_if< is_gpu_struct< A >::value &&is_same< typename get_X_type< A
>::type, xtype_gpu >::value >::type * = nullptr )

```

conditional operator.

**Parameters**

<i>c</i>	condition
<i>a</i>	input value a
<i>b</i>	input value b
<i>return</i>	$c ? a : b$

## 4.14 Image

### Classes

- class `image_buffer_map< DIM, T, is_const >`
- class `image_array_buffer_map< DIM, T, is_const >`
- class `image_buffer< DIM, T, normalized >`
- class `image_array_buffer< DIM, T, normalized >`
- class `image_resource< DIM, T, normalized >`
- class `image_array_resource< DIM, T, normalized >`

### Typedefs

- template<unsigned int DIM, typename T >  
using `const_image_buffer_map = image_buffer_map< DIM, T, true >`

### Enumerations

- enum `IMAGE_FLAGS` { `IMAGE_READ_WRITE = 1`, `IMAGE_READ_ONLY = 2`, `IMAGE_WRITE_ONLY = 4`, `IMAGE_WRITE_DISCARD = 8` }

#### 4.14.1 Detailed Description

#### 4.14.2 Typedef Documentation

##### 4.14.2.1 `const_image_buffer_map`

using `const_image_buffer_map = image_buffer_map<DIM, T, true>`

#### 4.14.3 Enumeration Type Documentation

##### 4.14.3.1 `IMAGE_FLAGS`

enum `IMAGE_FLAGS`

Image access flags

##### Enumerator

<code>IMAGE_READ_WRITE</code>	read/write access
<code>IMAGE_READ_ONLY</code>	read-only access
<code>IMAGE_WRITE_ONLY</code>	write-only access
<code>IMAGE_WRITE_DISCARD</code>	write-only, previous values are not preserved

## 4.15 Kernel

### Classes

- class [goopax\\_future\\_info](#)
- class [goopax\\_future< T >](#)
- class [goopax\\_future< void >](#)
- struct [full\\_kernel](#)
- struct [kernel< K >](#)

*kernel class to derive gpu kernels from*

### 4.15.1 Detailed Description

GPU kernels are inherited from kernel. The entry point to the GPU kernel is provided by the function 'program'. However, GPU kernels can call other functions, so they are not limited to the body of function 'program'.

Example:

```
struct my_kernel :  
    kernel<my_kernel>  
{  
    void program(resource<int>& A)  
    {  
        A[global_id()] = 5;    // This is executed on the GPU  
    }  
};
```

## 4.16 Loops

### Macros

- #define `gpu_if(...)` for (`::goopax::impl::gpu_if_clause __goopax_if_obj(::goopax::impl::Elsedata, __FILE__, ↵  
__LINE__, false_type(), __VA_ARGS__)`; `__goopax_if_obj.loopvar < 1; ++__goopax_if_obj.loopvar`)
- #define `gpu_elseif(...)` for (`::goopax::impl::gpu_if_clause __goopax_if_obj(::goopax::impl::Elsedata, __FIL↵  
E__, __LINE__, true_type(), __VA_ARGS__)`; `__goopax_if_obj.loopvar < 1; ++__goopax_if_obj.loopvar`)
- #define `gpu_else gpu_elseif(true)`
- #define `gpu_while(...)` for (`::goopax::impl::infinite_loop LOOP(__FILE__, __LINE__, __VA_ARGS__)`; `LOO↵  
P.loop_do_continue()`; `LOOP.loop_set_next(__VA_ARGS__)`)

### Functions

- template<typename comp\_t = std::less<void>, typename func\_t >  
void `gpu_for` (typename first\_argument< func\_t >::type begin, typename first\_argument< func\_t >::type  
end, typename step\_type< func\_t >::type step, func\_t func)  
*gpu for loop.*
- template<typename comp\_t = std::less<void>, typename func\_t >  
void `gpu_for_local` (typename first\_argument< func\_t >::type begin, typename first\_argument< func\_t >↵  
::type end, typename step\_type< func\_t >::type step, func\_t func)↵
- template<typename comp\_t = std::less<void>, typename func\_t >  
void `gpu_for_global` (typename first\_argument< func\_t >::type begin, typename first\_argument< func\_t >↵  
::type end, typename step\_type< func\_t >::type step, func\_t func)↵
- template<typename comp\_t = std::less<void>, typename func\_t >  
void `gpu_for_group` (typename first\_argument< func\_t >::type begin, typename first\_argument< func\_t >↵  
::type end, typename step\_type< func\_t >::type step, func\_t func)↵

#### 4.16.1 Detailed Description

Loops in gpu kernels can be achieved by the use of `gpu_for` or `gpu_while` statements. Alternatively, small loops that don't depend on gpu variables may also be implemented as standard C++ `for/while` loops. This will lead to explicit unrolling of the loop.

The usage of the `gpu_for` loop is different from C++ `for` loops and looks like this:

```
gpu_for(0, 10, [&](gpu_uint k)
{
    <do something> // k runs from 0 to 9
});
```

Step sizes can be provided as a third argument:

```
gpu_for(0, 10, 2, [&](gpu_int k)
{
    <do something> // only runs over even numbers form 0 to 8
});
```

The comparison operator can be specified as a template argument (defaults to `std::less<>`):

```
gpu_for<std::less_equal<>>(0, 10, 2, [&](gpu_int k)
{
    <do something> // only runs over even numbers form 0 to 10
});
```

#### 4.16.2 Macro Definition Documentation

#### 4.16.2.1 gpu\_else

```
#define gpu_else gpu_elseif(true)
```

gpu\_elseif must follow a gpu\_if or gpu\_elseif block. The block following the gpu\_elseif statement is executed by all threads that did not execute the previous if blocks.

#### 4.16.2.2 gpu\_elseif

```
#define gpu_elseif(
    ... ) for (::goopax::impl::gpu_if_clause __goopax_if_obj(::goopax::impl::↵
Elsedata, __FILE__, __LINE__, true_type(), __VA_ARGS__); __goopax_if_obj.loopvar < 1; ++__↵
goopax_if_obj.loopvar)
```

gpu\_elseif, must follow a gpu\_if or gpu\_elseif block. The block following the [gpu\\_elseif\(\)](#) statement is executed by all threads for which the argument is true.

#### 4.16.2.3 gpu\_if

```
#define gpu_if(
    ... ) for (::goopax::impl::gpu_if_clause __goopax_if_obj(::goopax::impl::↵
Elsedata, __FILE__, __LINE__, false_type(), __VA_ARGS__); __goopax_if_obj.loopvar < 1; ++__↵
goopax_if_obj.loopvar)
```

gpu\_if, to be used in kernels. Takes gpu\_bool as input. The block following the [gpu\\_if\(\)](#) statement is executed by all threads for which the argument is true.

#### 4.16.2.4 gpu\_while

```
#define gpu_while(
    ... ) for (::goopax::impl::infinite_loop LOOP(__FILE__, __LINE__, __VA_ARGS__);
LOOP.loop_do_continue(); LOOP.loop_set_next(__VA_ARGS__))
```

while loop.

### 4.16.3 Function Documentation

#### 4.16.3.1 gpu\_for\_global()

```
void goopax::impl::gpu_for_global (
    typename first_argument< func_t >::type begin,
    typename first_argument< func_t >::type end,
    typename step_type< func_t >::type step,
    func_t func ) [inline]
```

gpu loop, parallelized over all threads

### 4.16.3.2 `gpu_for_group()`

```
void goopax::impl::gpu_for_group (
    typename first_argument< func_t >::type begin,
    typename first_argument< func_t >::type end,
    typename step_type< func_t >::type step,
    func_t func ) [inline]
```

gpu loop, parallelized over workgroups

### 4.16.3.3 `gpu_for_local()`

```
void goopax::impl::gpu_for_local (
    typename first_argument< func_t >::type begin,
    typename first_argument< func_t >::type end,
    typename step_type< func_t >::type step,
    func_t func ) [inline]
```

gpu loop, parallelized over threads in workgroup.

## 4.17 operators

### 4.17.1 Detailed Description

These functions are defined to add CPU pendants for GPU functions, for which no CPU function is provided by standard C++.

## 4.18 Reinterpret

### Functions

- `template<class TO , class FROM >`  
`TO reinterpret (const FROM &from)`  
*bit-wise conversion*
- `template<typename TO , typename TFROM , typename SIZE_FROM >`  
`TO reinterpret (const buffer< TFROM, SIZE_FROM > &from)`  
*Reinterpreting buffer value type.*

#### 4.18.1 Detailed Description

The `reinterpret` functions provide functionalities for bit-wise conversion between data types without changing the underlying representation. Various types can be converted into each other: intrinsic types to `goopax` structs, `goopax` structs to `std::vector`s of other `goopax` structs, `vector`s to intrinsic types, etc. The sizes of the source value and the destination value must match, otherwise the compiler will report an error. If the source type is an `std::vector`, the size is checked at runtime. If the destination type is an `std::vector`, its size is chosen so that it matches the source type. If the source type is an CPU type, the destination type must also be a CPU type. If the source type is a GPU type, the destination type must also be a GPU type.

#### 4.18.2 Function Documentation

##### 4.18.2.1 `reinterpret()` [1/2]

```
TO reinterpret (
    const buffer< TFROM, SIZE_FROM > & from ) [inline]
```

Reinterpreting buffer value type.

Changes the buffer value type without changing the data content. The returned buffer points to the same memory buffer as the original buffer.

##### Parameters

<i>TO</i>	destination type
<i>from</i>	source buffer

##### 4.18.2.2 `reinterpret()` [2/2]

```
TO reinterpret (
    const FROM & from ) [inline]
```

bit-wise conversion

Reinterpret bits into another type.

## Parameters

<i>TO</i>	destination type
<i>from</i>	source This function reinterprets the input parameter into another type. FROM and TO must have the same size. They may be CPU type, GPU type, std::vector, or goopax struct type.

Example: `gpu_double a = 17; std::array<gpu_int, 2> b = reinterpret<std::array<gpu_int, 2>>(a); gpu_uint64 c = reinterpret<gpu_uint64> c;`

## 4.19 random numbers

### Classes

- class [WELL512](#)
- class [WELL512lib](#)

#### 4.19.1 Detailed Description

Random numbers can be generated with the WELL512 random number generator. The current implementation is optimized for high throughput, but it has the limitation that random numbers are generated in 512 bit blocks. To use the random number generator, a pair of classes need to be instantiated: The WELL512 class in host code and the WELL512lib class in device code. The WELL512 class is used for storing the random seed between kernel calls, the WELL512lib class provides the actual generator of the random numbers. See the pi example program for an example implementation.

## 4.20 goopax struct types

### Classes

- struct `goopax_struct_type< std::array< T, N > >`  
*std::array and derived classes*

### Functions

- `template<typename T >`  
`output_goopax_struct_helper< T >` `output_goopax_struct` (const T &t)

#### 4.20.1 Detailed Description

here some C++ types are prepared to be used as goopax struct. Other struct types need to be prepared in a similar way before they can be used to store memory in goopax.

#### 4.20.2 Function Documentation

##### 4.20.2.1 `output_goopax_struct()`

```
output_goopax_struct_helper< T > output_goopax_struct (
    const T & t )
```

Outputs the contents of a goopax struct.

Outputs the contents of a goopax struct.

## 4.21 Thread\_communication

### Functions

- `template<typename T, typename = typename enable_if<is_same<T, typename gettype<T>::gpu>::value>::type>`  
`T shuffle (T value, gpu_uint source_thread, Tuint width)`  
*Exchanges values between threads in the workgroup.*
- `vector< gpu_uint > ballot (gpu_bool value, Tuint width)`  
*collect booleans from threads of the workgroup into integer bitset*
- `gpu_bool work_group_all (gpu_bool b)`
- `gpu_bool work_group_any (gpu_bool b)`
- `template<typename G >`  
`G::gpu_value_type work_group_reduce (typename G::gpu_value_type value, Tuint width)`
- `template<typename T, typename = typename enable_if<is_same<T, bool>::value>::type>`  
`gpu_type< T > work_group_reduce_add (gpu_type< T > b, Tuint width)`
- `template<typename gpuT >`  
`gpuT work_group_reduce_add (gpuT b, Tuint width)`
- `template<typename T >`  
`gpu_type< T > work_group_reduce_min (gpu_type< T > b, Tuint width)`
- `template<typename gpuT >`  
`gpuT work_group_reduce_min (gpuT b, Tuint width)`
- `template<typename T >`  
`gpu_type< T > work_group_reduce_max (gpu_type< T > b, Tuint width)`
- `template<typename gpuT >`  
`gpuT work_group_reduce_max (gpuT b, Tuint width)`
- `template<typename T >`  
`gpu_type< T > work_group_scan_exclusive_add (gpu_type< T > val)`
- `template<typename T >`  
`gpu_type< T > work_group_scan_inclusive_add (gpu_type< T > val)`
- `template<typename T >`  
`gpu_type< T > work_group_scan_exclusive_min (gpu_type< T > val)`
- `template<typename T >`  
`gpu_type< T > work_group_scan_inclusive_min (gpu_type< T > val)`
- `template<typename T >`  
`gpu_type< T > work_group_scan_exclusive_max (gpu_type< T > val)`
- `template<typename T >`  
`gpu_type< T > work_group_scan_inclusive_max (gpu_type< T > val)`

### 4.21.1 Detailed Description

These functions are provided to exchange data between threads in the workgroup.

### 4.21.2 Function Documentation

#### 4.21.2.1 ballot()

```
vector<gpu_uint> goopax::impl::ballot (
    gpu_bool value,
    Tuint width ) [inline]
```

collect booleans from threads of the workgroup into integer bitset

## Parameters

<i>value</i>	boolean to contribute from the current thread
<i>width</i>	sub-group width for the ballot operation. width must be a power of 2 and must not exceed <code>local_size()</code> . For nvidia GPUs using the CUDA backend, it is suggested that width has a value of 32 or less, in order to take advantage of CUDA's warp shuffle functions.

## Returns

bitset of the threads involved. If width  $\leq$  32, a vector of size 1 is returned, otherwise a vector of size width/32 is returned.

## 4.21.2.2 shuffle()

```
T goopax::impl::shuffle (
    T value,
    gpu_uint source_thread,
    Tuint width )
```

Exchanges values between threads in the workgroup.

value T goopax struct data type

## Parameters

<i>value</i>	value to share to other threads
<i>source_thread</i>	the value is read from this thread within the sub-group. source_thread must have a value between 0 and width-1.
<i>width</i>	sub-group width in which to exchange the values. width must be a power of 2 and/or equal to <code>local_size()</code> . width must not exceed <code>local_size()</code> . For nvidia GPUs using the CUDA backend, it is suggested that width has a value of 32 or less, in order to take advantage of CUDA's warp shuffle functions.

## Returns

value read from thread 'source\_thread'

## 4.21.2.3 work\_group\_all()

```
gpu_bool goopax::impl::work_group_all (
    gpu_bool b ) [inline]
```

Returns true if b is true for all threads in the workgroup.

**Parameters**

<i>b</i>	input value
----------	-------------

**Returns**

the resulting boolean or over the threads

**4.21.2.4 work\_group\_any()**

```
gpu_bool goopax::impl::work_group_any (
    gpu_bool b ) [inline]
```

Returns true if *b* is true for any thread in the workgroup.

**Parameters**

<i>b</i>	input value
----------	-------------

**Returns**

the resulting boolean and over the threads

**4.21.2.5 work\_group\_reduce()**

```
G::gpu_value_type work_group_reduce (
    typename G::gpu_value_type value,
    Tuint width )
```

reduce operation for user defined gather operator

**Parameters**

<i>G</i>	gather operator type. See the pre-defined gather types in the file 'goopax/gather.h' as examples.
<i>value</i>	input value from the current thread. May be any gpu type, including goopax struct types
<i>width</i>	sub-group width for the gather operation. width must be a power of 2 and/or equal to <a href="#">local_size()</a> . width must not exceed <a href="#">local_size()</a> .

**Returns**

result of the gather operation

**4.21.2.6 work\_group\_reduce\_add()** [1/2]

```
gpu_type<T> goopax::impl::work_group_reduce_add (
    gpu_type< T > b,
    Tuint width )
```

reduce operation 'add'

**Parameters**

<i>value</i>	input value
<i>width</i>	sub-group width for the gather operation. width must be a power of 2 and must not exceed <a href="#">local_size()</a> .
<i>return</i>	result of the gather operation

**4.21.2.7 work\_group\_reduce\_add()** [2/2]

```
gpuT goopax::impl::work_group_reduce_add (
    gpuT b,
    Tuint width )
```

reduce operation 'add'

**Parameters**

<i>value</i>	input value
<i>width</i>	sub-group width for the gather operation. width must be a power of 2 and must not exceed <a href="#">local_size()</a> .
<i>return</i>	result of the gather operation

**4.21.2.8 work\_group\_reduce\_max()** [1/2]

```
gpu_type<T> goopax::impl::work_group_reduce_max (
    gpu_type< T > b,
    Tuint width )
```

reduce operation 'max'

**Parameters**

<i>value</i>	input value
<i>width</i>	sub-group width for the gather operation. width must be a power of 2 and must not exceed <a href="#">local_size()</a> .
<i>return</i>	result of the gather operation

**4.21.2.9 work\_group\_reduce\_max()** [2/2]

```
gpuT goopax::impl::work_group_reduce_max (
    gpuT b,
    Tuint width )
```

reduce operation 'max'

**Parameters**

<i>value</i>	input value
<i>width</i>	sub-group width for the gather operation. width must be a power of 2 and must not exceed <a href="#">local_size()</a> .
<i>return</i>	result of the gather operation

**4.21.2.10 work\_group\_reduce\_min()** [1/2]

```
gpu_type<T> goopax::impl::work_group_reduce_min (
    gpu_type< T > b,
    Tuint width )
```

reduce operation 'min'

**Parameters**

<i>value</i>	input value
<i>width</i>	sub-group width for the gather operation. width must be a power of 2 and must not exceed <a href="#">local_size()</a> .
<i>return</i>	result of the gather operation

**4.21.2.11 work\_group\_reduce\_min()** [2/2]

```
gpuT goopax::impl::work_group_reduce_min (
    gpuT b,
    Tuint width )
```

reduce operation 'min'

**Parameters**

<i>value</i>	input value
<i>width</i>	sub-group width for the gather operation. width must be a power of 2 and must not exceed <a href="#">local_size()</a> .
<i>return</i>	result of the gather operation

#### 4.21.2.12 work\_group\_scan\_exclusive\_add()

```
gpu_type<T> goopax::impl::work_group_scan_exclusive_add (
    gpu_type< T > val )
```

Does an exclusive scan operation.

##### Parameters

<i>val</i>	input value from the current thread
------------	-------------------------------------

##### Returns

the resulting value equals the sum of all values provided by threads 0 to [local\\_id\(\)-1](#)

#### 4.21.2.13 work\_group\_scan\_exclusive\_max()

```
gpu_type<T> goopax::impl::work_group_scan_exclusive_max (
    gpu_type< T > val )
```

Does an exclusive scan operation.

##### Parameters

<i>val</i>	input value from the current thread
------------	-------------------------------------

##### Returns

the resulting value equals the maximum of all values provided by threads 0 to [local\\_id\(\)-1](#)

#### 4.21.2.14 work\_group\_scan\_exclusive\_min()

```
gpu_type<T> goopax::impl::work_group_scan_exclusive_min (
    gpu_type< T > val )
```

Does an exclusive scan operation.

##### Parameters

<i>val</i>	input value from the current thread
------------	-------------------------------------

##### Returns

the resulting value equals the minimum of all values provided by threads 0 to [local\\_id\(\)-1](#)

#### 4.21.2.15 work\_group\_scan\_inclusive\_add()

```
gpu_type<T> goopax::impl::work_group_scan_inclusive_add (  
    gpu_type< T > val )
```

Does an inclusive scan operation.

##### Parameters

<i>val</i>	input value from the current thread
------------	-------------------------------------

##### Returns

the resulting value equals the sum of all values provided by threads 0 to [local\\_id\(\)](#)

#### 4.21.2.16 work\_group\_scan\_inclusive\_max()

```
gpu_type<T> goopax::impl::work_group_scan_inclusive_max (  
    gpu_type< T > val )
```

Does an inclusive scan operation.

##### Parameters

<i>val</i>	input value from the current thread
------------	-------------------------------------

##### Returns

the resulting value equals the maximum of all values provided by threads 0 to [local\\_id\(\)](#)

#### 4.21.2.17 work\_group\_scan\_inclusive\_min()

```
gpu_type<T> goopax::impl::work_group_scan_inclusive_min (  
    gpu_type< T > val )
```

Does an inclusive scan operation.

##### Parameters

<i>val</i>	input value from the current thread
------------	-------------------------------------

**Returns**

the resulting value equals the minimum of all values provided by threads 0 to [local\\_id\(\)](#)



## Chapter 5

# Class Documentation

### 5.1 `buffer< T, SIZE_TYPE >` Class Template Reference

#### Public Types

- using `resource_type` = `resource< T, SIZE_TYPE >`  
*type of resource that matches to the buffer type*

#### Public Member Functions

- `goopax_device get_device` () const
- `size_type size` () const
- `template<typename SRC_SIZE_TYPE >`  
`void copy` (const `buffer< T, SRC_SIZE_TYPE >` &src, `typename enable_if< true, SRC_SIZE_TYPE >::type` count, `SIZE_TYPE` start\_dest, `typename enable_if< true, SRC_SIZE_TYPE >::type` start\_src)
- `template<typename SRC_SIZE_TYPE >`  
`void copy` (const `buffer< T, SRC_SIZE_TYPE >` &src)
- `void copy_to_host` (T \*p, `size_t` beginpos, `size_t` endpos) const
- `void copy_to_host` (T \*p) const
- `void copy_from_host` (const T \*p, `size_t` beginpos, `size_t` endpos)
- `void copy_from_host` (const T \*p)
- `template<class V, class ENABLE = typename enable_if<is_container<V>::value>::type>`  
`buffer & operator=` (const V &v)
- `void fill` (T value, `size_type` begin, `size_type` end)
- `void fill` (T value)
- `template<typename = void>`  
T `min` (const `size_type` begin, const `size_type` end) const
- `template<typename = void>`  
T `min` () const
- `template<typename = void>`  
T `max` (const `size_type` begin, const `size_type` end) const
- `template<typename = void>`  
T `max` () const
- `template<typename = void>`  
T `sum` (const `size_type` begin, const `size_type` end) const
- `template<typename = void>`  
T `sum` () const

- `buffer & operator= (initializer_list< T > il)`
- `vector< value_type > to_vector () const`
- `template<class V , class ENABLE = typename enable_if<is_container<V>::value>::type>`  
`buffer (goopax_device device, const V &v)`
- `template<class IT , typename = typename std::iterator_traits<IT>::value_type>`  
`buffer (goopax_device device, const IT &a, const IT &b)`
- `buffer (goopax_device device, initializer_list< value_type > il)`
- `buffer (goopax_device device, size_t size, T *host_ptr=nullptr, BUFFER_FLAGS flags=BUFFER_READ_↔`  
`WRITE)`
- `buffer (buffer &&)=default`  
*move semantics*
- `buffer & operator= (buffer &&)=default`  
*move semantics*
- `buffer ()=default`

## Static Public Member Functions

- static `buffer create_from_gl (goopax_device device, unsigned int GLres, BUFFER_FLAGS flags=BUFFER_↔`  
`_READ_WRITE)`
- static `buffer create_from_cl (goopax_device device, _cl_mem *mem)`
- static `buffer create_from_cuda (goopax_device device, void *mem, size_t size)`

## Friends

- `template<typename TO , typename TFROM , typename SIZE_FROM >`  
`TO reinterpret (const buffer< TFROM, SIZE_FROM > &from)`  
*Reinterpreting buffer value type.*
- `ostream & operator<< (ostream &s, const buffer &b)`

### 5.1.1 Detailed Description

```
template<typename T, typename SIZE_TYPE>
class goopax::impl::buffer< T, SIZE_TYPE >
```

buffer class. Used to allocate memory on the device

#### Template Parameters

<i>T</i>	value type. This can either be a CPU intrinsic type, or a goopax struct type.
<i>SIZE_TYPE</i>	This can be a 32 bit or 64 bit integer type. 32 bit types give better performance. 64 bit types must be used for very large memory buffers. Goopax will throw an exception if buffers are allocated that are too large for the given size type. The default is 32 bit unsigned int.
<i>is_const</i>	only read access is allowed. This has the same effect as using a const reference of the resource as kernel parameter.

### 5.1.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

**5.1.2.1 `buffer()`** [1/5]

```
buffer (
    goopax_device device,
    const V & v ) [inline]
```

initialize from `std::vector`

**5.1.2.2 `buffer()`** [2/5]

```
buffer (
    goopax_device device,
    const IT & a,
    const IT & b ) [inline]
```

initialize from begin/end pointer

**5.1.2.3 `buffer()`** [3/5]

```
buffer (
    goopax_device device,
    initializer_list< value_type > il ) [inline]
```

initialize from initialization list

**5.1.2.4 `buffer()`** [4/5]

```
buffer (
    goopax_device device,
    size_t size,
    T * host_ptr = nullptr,
    BUFFER_FLAGS flags = BUFFER_READ_WRITE ) [inline]
```

initialize with size

**Parameters**

<i>device</i>	device on which to allocate memory
<i>host_ptr</i>	pointer to host memory. If supplied, the buffer will be linked to the given address in host memory. <i>host_ptr</i> must point to a memory region that is at least <code>size*sizeof(T)</code> bytes long. The data may or may not be buffered during a kernel call, depending on the device driver. After the kernel has finished, the data is synchronized and can be accessed by the host.
<i>flags</i>	access flags

**5.1.2.5 `buffer()`** [5/5]

```
buffer ( ) [default]
```

default constructor. The buffer cannot be used until replaced by a buffer that has been properly initialized.

## 5.1.3 Member Function Documentation

### 5.1.3.1 `copy()` [1/2]

```
void copy (
    const buffer< T, SRC_SIZE_TYPE > & src ) [inline]
```

copy data from one buffer to another buffer

#### Parameters

<i>src</i>	source buffer
------------	---------------

### 5.1.3.2 `copy()` [2/2]

```
void copy (
    const buffer< T, SRC_SIZE_TYPE > & src,
    typename enable_if< true, SRC_SIZE_TYPE >::type count,
    SIZE_TYPE start_dest,
    typename enable_if< true, SRC_SIZE_TYPE >::type start_src ) [inline]
```

copy data from one buffer to another buffer

#### Parameters

<i>src</i>	source buffer
<i>count</i>	number of elements to copy
<i>start_dest</i>	start position in destination buffer
<i>start_src</i>	start position in source buffer

### 5.1.3.3 `copy_from_host()` [1/2]

```
void copy_from_host (
    const T * p ) [inline]
```

copy data from host

#### Parameters

<i>p</i>	pointer in host memory
----------	------------------------

#### 5.1.3.4 `copy_from_host()` [2/2]

```
void copy_from_host (
    const T * p,
    size_t beginpos,
    size_t endpos ) [inline]
```

copy data from host memory

##### Parameters

<i>p</i>	pointer in host memory
<i>beginpos</i>	start position in device memory
<i>endpos</i>	next to last position in device memory

#### 5.1.3.5 `copy_to_host()` [1/2]

```
void copy_to_host (
    T * p ) const [inline]
```

copy data to host

##### Parameters

<i>p</i>	pointer in host memory
----------	------------------------

#### 5.1.3.6 `copy_to_host()` [2/2]

```
void copy_to_host (
    T * p,
    size_t beginpos,
    size_t endpos ) const [inline]
```

copy data to host

##### Parameters

<i>p</i>	pointer in host memory
<i>beginpos</i>	start position in device memory
<i>endpos</i>	next to last position in device memory

**5.1.3.7 fill()** [1/2]

```
void fill (
    T value ) [inline]
```

Fill buffer with value

**Parameters**

<i>value</i>	value to fill
--------------	---------------

**5.1.3.8 fill()** [2/2]

```
void fill (
    T value,
    size_type begin,
    size_type end ) [inline]
```

Fill buffer with value

**Parameters**

<i>value</i>	value to fill
<i>begin</i>	begin of fill region
<i>end</i>	next to last element to fill

**5.1.3.9 get\_device()**

```
goopax_device get_device ( ) const [inline]
```

Returns device on which the buffer is allocated.

**5.1.3.10 max()** [1/2]

```
T max ( ) const [inline]
```

Finds maximum value

**5.1.3.11 max()** [2/2]

```
T max (
    const size_type begin,
    const size_type end ) const [inline]
```

Finds maximum value

**5.1.3.12** `min()` [1/2]

```
T min ( ) const [inline]
```

Finds minimum value

**5.1.3.13** `min()` [2/2]

```
T min (
    const size_type begin,
    const size_type end ) const [inline]
```

Finds minimum value

**5.1.3.14** `operator=()` [1/2]

```
buffer& operator= (
    const V & v ) [inline]
```

copy data from `std::vector`

**5.1.3.15** `operator=()` [2/2]

```
buffer& operator= (
    initializer_list< T > il ) [inline]
```

assign data via initialization list

**5.1.3.16** `size()`

```
size_type size ( ) const [inline]
```

Buffer size

**5.1.3.17** `sum()` [1/2]

```
T sum ( ) const [inline]
```

Calculates the sum of all values

**5.1.3.18** `sum()` [2/2]

```
T sum (
    const size_type begin,
    const size_type end ) const [inline]
```

Calculates the sum of all values in the given range

### 5.1.3.19 to\_vector()

```
vector<value_type> to_vector ( ) const [inline]
```

returns a std::vector that holds a copy of the data

## 5.1.4 Friends And Related Function Documentation

### 5.1.4.1 operator<<

```
ostream& operator<< (
    ostream & s,
    const buffer< T, SIZE_TYPE > & b ) [friend]
```

Output the buffer content.

### 5.1.4.2 reinterpret

```
TO reinterpret (
    const buffer< TFROM, SIZE_FROM > & from ) [friend]
```

Reinterpreting buffer value type.

Changes the buffer value type without changing the data content. The returned buffer points to the same memory buffer as the original buffer.

#### Parameters

<i>TO</i>	destination type
<i>from</i>	source buffer

## 5.2 buffer\_map< T, is\_const > Class Template Reference

Inherits map\_base.

### Public Member Functions

- template<typename EIF = void, typename = typename enable\_if<!is\_const, EIF>::type> value\_type \* **begin** ()
- template<typename EIF = void, typename = typename enable\_if<!is\_const, EIF>::type> value\_type \* **end** ()
- const value\_type \* **begin** () const
- const value\_type \* **end** () const

- `Tsize_t size () const`
- `template<typename EIF = void, typename = typename enable_if<!is_const, EIF>::type> value_type * data ()`
- `const value_type * data () const`
- `template<typename EIF = void, typename = typename enable_if<!is_const, EIF>::type> value_type & operator[] (size_t k)`
- `const value_type & operator[] (size_t k) const`
- `template<typename SIZE_TYPE , typename = typename enable_if<is_const, SIZE_TYPE>::type> buffer_map (const buffer< T, SIZE_TYPE > &buf, size_t begin, size_t end)`
- `template<typename SIZE_TYPE , typename = typename enable_if<is_const, SIZE_TYPE>::type> buffer_map (const buffer< T, SIZE_TYPE > &buf)`
- `template<typename SIZE_TYPE > buffer_map (buffer< T, SIZE_TYPE > &buf, size_t begin, size_t end)`
- `template<typename SIZE_TYPE > buffer_map (buffer< T, SIZE_TYPE > &buf)`

### 5.2.1 Detailed Description

```
template<typename T, bool is_const = false>
class goopax::impl::buffer_map< T, is_const >
```

buffer map. Can be used to access buffers from host code. For performance reasons, buffer maps should not be called within a loop, but before the loop, if possible. buffer maps must be out of scope before the buffer is used in a kernel call or in another operation.

#### Template Parameters

<i>T</i>	value type, must match the buffer value type
<i>is_const</i>	if true, allows mapping of const buffers

### 5.2.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

#### 5.2.2.1 `buffer_map()` [1/4]

```
buffer_map (
    const buffer< T, SIZE_TYPE > & buf,
    size_t begin,
    size_t end ) [inline]
```

constructor. Maps the buffer to host memory.

#### Parameters

<i>buf</i>	buffer to map.
<i>begin</i>	first index
<i>end</i>	last+1 index

### 5.2.2.2 `buffer_map()` [2/4]

```
buffer_map (
    const buffer< T, SIZE_TYPE > & buf ) [inline]
```

constructor. Maps the buffer to host memory.

#### Parameters

<i>buf</i>	buffer to map.
------------	----------------

### 5.2.2.3 `buffer_map()` [3/4]

```
buffer_map (
    buffer< T, SIZE_TYPE > & buf,
    size_t begin,
    size_t end ) [inline]
```

constructor. Maps the buffer to host memory.

#### Parameters

<i>buf</i>	buffer to map.
<i>begin</i>	first index
<i>end</i>	last+1 index

### 5.2.2.4 `buffer_map()` [4/4]

```
buffer_map (
    buffer< T, SIZE_TYPE > & buf ) [inline]
```

constructor. Maps the buffer to host memory.

#### Parameters

<i>buf</i>	buffer to map.
------------	----------------

## 5.2.3 Member Function Documentation

### 5.2.3.1 `begin()` [1/2]

```
value_type* begin ( ) [inline]
```

begin pointer, const

### 5.2.3.2 `begin()` [2/2]

```
const value_type* begin ( ) const [inline]
```

begin pointer

### 5.2.3.3 `data()` [1/2]

```
value_type* data ( ) [inline]
```

same as [begin\(\)](#)

### 5.2.3.4 `data()` [2/2]

```
const value_type* data ( ) const [inline]
```

same as [begin\(\)](#)

### 5.2.3.5 `end()` [1/2]

```
value_type* end ( ) [inline]
```

end pointer, const

### 5.2.3.6 `end()` [2/2]

```
const value_type* end ( ) const [inline]
```

end pointer

### 5.2.3.7 `operator[]()` [1/2]

```
value_type& operator[] (
    size_t k ) [inline]
```

accesses element k

#### Parameters

<code>k</code>	element to get reference to
----------------	-----------------------------

### 5.2.3.8 operator[]() [2/2]

```
const value_type& operator[] (
    size_t k ) const [inline]
```

accesses element k

#### Parameters

<i>k</i>	element to get const reference to
----------	-----------------------------------

### 5.2.3.9 size()

```
Tsize_t size ( ) const [inline]
```

size of memory region

## 5.3 full\_kernel Struct Reference

Inheritance diagram for full\_kernel:



### Public Member Functions

- void [force\\_compile](#) ([goopax\\_device](#) device)  
*force compilation of kernel. Only useful for performance measurements and other occasions.*
- [full\\_kernel](#) ([full\\_kernel](#) &&b) noexcept  
*move semantics*
- [full\\_kernel](#) & [operator=](#) ([full\\_kernel](#) &&b) noexcept  
*move semantics*

#### overriding default thread numbers

- void [force\\_local\\_size](#) ([goopax\\_device](#) device, Tint local\_size)  
*set the local size for this kernel for the specified device.*
- void [force\\_global\\_size](#) ([goopax\\_device](#) device, Tint global\_size)  
*set the global size for this kernel for the specified device.*

### 5.3.1 Detailed Description

kernel base

## 5.4 gather\_add< T > Struct Template Reference

Inherits gather\_base< T >.

### Static Public Member Functions

- static T [init](#) ()
- template<class U >  
static U [op](#) (const U &a, const U &b)

#### 5.4.1 Detailed Description

```
template<class T>  
struct goopax::impl::gather_add< T >
```

returns the sum of all values.

#### 5.4.2 Member Function Documentation

##### 5.4.2.1 init()

```
static T init ( ) [inline], [static]
```

null element of the operation, used by [buffer::sum\(\)](#) operation.

##### 5.4.2.2 op()

```
static U op (  
    const U & a,  
    const U & b ) [inline], [static]
```

here the operation is defined.

## 5.5 gather\_max< T > Struct Template Reference

Inherits gather\_base< T >.

#### 5.5.1 Detailed Description

```
template<class T>  
struct goopax::impl::gather_max< T >
```

returns the maximum of all values

## 5.6 gather\_min< T > Struct Template Reference

Inherits gather\_base< T >.

### 5.6.1 Detailed Description

```
template<class T>
struct goopax::impl::gather_min< T >
```

returns the minimum of all values

## 5.7 gettype< T, EIF > Struct Template Reference

type info and type conversion mechanism With the gettype struct, CPU and GPU types can be converted to each other, and type information obtained typename gettype<T>::cpu converts T to the corresponding CPU type. T can be CPU type, GPU type, or CPU debug type, or a goopax struct type. typename gettype<T>::gpu converts T to the corresponding GPU type. T can be CPU type, GPU type, or CPU debug type, or a goopax struct type. gettype<↔ T>::size provides the size of type T in bytes. T can be CPU type, GPU type, or CPU debug type, or a goopax struct type. typename gettype<T>::template change<U>::type changes the type of T to type U while preserving CPU/GPU/debug mode. If T is CPU type, the resulting type is also a CPU type. If T is GPU type, the resulting type is a GPU type. If T is debug data type, the resulting type is also a debug data type.

### 5.7.1 Detailed Description

```
template<typename T, typename EIF = void>
struct goopax::impl::gettype< T, EIF >
```

type info and type conversion mechanism With the gettype struct, CPU and GPU types can be converted to each other, and type information obtained typename gettype<T>::cpu converts T to the corresponding CPU type. T can be CPU type, GPU type, or CPU debug type, or a goopax struct type. typename gettype<T>::gpu converts T to the corresponding GPU type. T can be CPU type, GPU type, or CPU debug type, or a goopax struct type. gettype<↔ T>::size provides the size of type T in bytes. T can be CPU type, GPU type, or CPU debug type, or a goopax struct type. typename gettype<T>::template change<U>::type changes the type of T to type U while preserving CPU/GPU/debug mode. If T is CPU type, the resulting type is also a CPU type. If T is GPU type, the resulting type is a GPU type. If T is debug data type, the resulting type is also a debug data type.

## 5.8 goopax\_device Class Reference

Goopax device. This class is used to reference the physical devices in the system.

## Public Member Functions

- bool [valid](#) () const  
*checks if the device is valid. This will return false if the device is default-constructed. or if [default\\_device\(\)](#) did not find*
- [envmode get\\_envmode](#) () const  
*returns the backend type that is used to access this device*
- [size\\_t global\\_memory\\_total](#) () const  
*Total amount of global memory.*
- [size\\_t global\\_memory\\_free](#) () const  
*Free global memmory, or [numeric\\_limits<size\\_t>::max\(\)](#) if unknown.*
- [Tuint cache\\_line](#) () const  
*Size of global memory cache line, in bytes, or 0 if unknown.*
- [Tuint cache\\_size](#) () const  
*Size of global memory cache size, in bytes, or 0 if unknown.*
- [Tuint max\\_registers](#) () const  
*Number of registers per thread, or 0 if unknown.*
- [template<typename T > Tbool support\\_atomics](#) (T) const  
*Returns true if the device support atomic operations on type T.*
- [Tbool support\\_svm](#) () const  
*Returns true if the device supports shared memory addressing between the host and potentially other devices.*
- [Tbool support\\_svm\\_mapfree](#) () const  
*Returns true if the device supports shared memory addressing between the host and potentially other devices.*
- [Tbool support\\_svm\\_atomics](#) () const  
*Returns true if the device supports shared memory addressing between the host and potentially other devices.*
- bool [support\\_images](#) () const  
*Returns true if images are supported by the device.*
- void [wait\\_all](#) () const  
*Waits for all kernels that currently running or pending to finish on the device.*
- [Tbool finished\\_all](#) () const  
*Tests if all kernels on the device have finished.*
- bool [operator==](#) ([goopax\\_device](#) b) const  
*tests if two devices are the same*
- bool [operator!=](#) ([goopax\\_device](#) b) const  
*tests if two devices are different*
- [goopax\\_device & operator=](#) (const [goopax\\_device](#) &b)
- [goopax\\_device](#) (const [goopax\\_device](#) &b)

### overriding default thread numbers

- void [force\\_local\\_size](#) (Tuint value)  
*changes the default local size for this device.*
- void [force\\_global\\_size](#) (Tuint value)  
*changes the default global size for this device.*

### default thread numbers

*These default values are used if they are not overridden*

- [Tuint default\\_local\\_size](#) () const  
*local size*
- [Tuint default\\_num\\_subthreads](#) () const  
*instruction level parallelism*

- Tuint `default_num_groups` () const  
*number of thread groups*
- Tuint `default_global_size` () const  
*total number of threads. Equals `local_size*num_groups`*
- Tuint `default_local_mem` () const  
*Size of local memory.*

### floating point support

- Tbool `support_type` (half) const  
*Returns true if the device supports half precision.*
- Tbool `support_type` (float) const  
*Returns true if the device supports single precision floating points.*
- Tbool `support_type` (double) const  
*Returns true if the device supports double precision floating points.*

### denormalization support

- Tbool `support_fp_denorm` (half) const  
*Returns true if the device supports denormalized numbers for `gpu_half`.*
- Tbool `support_fp_denorm` (float) const  
*Returns true if the device supports denormalized numbers for `gpu_float`.*
- Tbool `support_fp_denorm` (double) const  
*Returns true if the device supports denormalized numbers for `gpu_double`.*

### device information

- const char \* `vendor` () const  
*Vendor name.*
- const char \* `name` () const  
*device name*
- double `max_frequency` () const  
*max device frequency*
- Tuint `warp_size` () const  
*Returns the warp size of the device. This is typically the SIMD instruction width. Threads within a warp cannot branch into loops and if-clauses without all other threads waiting for them to finish.*

## 5.8.1 Detailed Description

Goopax device. This class is used to reference the physical devices in the system.

## 5.8.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

### 5.8.2.1 `goopax_device()`

```
goopax_device (
    const goopax_device & b ) [inline]
```

copy constructor

## 5.8.3 Member Function Documentation

### 5.8.3.1 operator=()

```
goopax_device& operator= (
    const goopax_device & b ) [inline]
```

copy operator

## 5.9 EX::goopax\_exception Struct Reference

base exception thrown by goopax

Inherits exception.

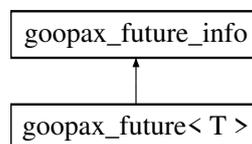
Inherited by EX::assertion, EX::backend, EX::general, EX::integrity, EX::memory, EX::syntax, and EX::user.

### 5.9.1 Detailed Description

base exception thrown by goopax

## 5.10 goopax\_future< T > Class Template Reference

Inheritance diagram for goopax\_future< T >:



### Public Member Functions

- void `wait` ()  
*wait for kernel to finish*
- T `get` ()  
*wait for kernel to finish and get value*
- `goopax_future` ()=default  
*default constructor*
- `goopax_future` (`goopax_future` &&)=default  
*move semantics*
- `goopax_future` & `operator=` (`goopax_future` &&)=default  
*move semantics*

### 5.10.1 Detailed Description

```
template<typename T>
class goopax::impl::goopax_future< T >
```

future class for gather return values

### Template Parameters

<i>T</i>	return type. May be a C++ intrinsic type, or a goopax struct type
----------	-------------------------------------------------------------------

## 5.10.2 Member Function Documentation

### 5.10.2.1 get()

```
T get ( ) [inline]
```

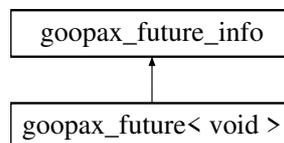
wait for kernel to finish and get value

#### Returns

value gathered from all threads and combined using the gather operation

## 5.11 goopax\_future< void > Class Template Reference

Inheritance diagram for goopax\_future< void >:



### Public Member Functions

- void [wait](#) ()  
*wait for kernel to finish*
- [goopax\\_future](#) ()=default  
*default constructor*
- [goopax\\_future](#) ([goopax\\_future](#) &&)=default  
*move semantics*
- [goopax\\_future](#) & [operator=](#) ([goopax\\_future](#) &&)=default  
*move semantics*

### 5.11.1 Detailed Description

```
template<>
class goopax::impl::goopax_future< void >
```

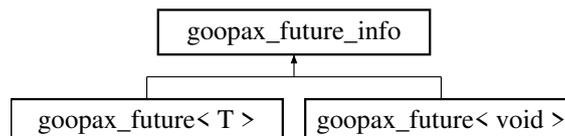
future class, Returned from kernels that don't return a value.

## Template Parameters

<i>T</i>	return type. May be a C++ intrinsic type, or a goopax struct type
----------	-------------------------------------------------------------------

## 5.12 goopax\_future\_info Class Reference

Inheritance diagram for goopax\_future\_info:



### Public Member Functions

- bool `finished` () const  
*returns true if kernel has finished execution*
- size\_t `local_size` () const  
*number of threads per workgroup*
- size\_t `global_size` () const  
*total number of threads*
- size\_t `num_groups` () const  
*number of workgroups*

#### 5.12.1 Detailed Description

Common future class base, provides information about the kernel execution.

## 5.13 goopax\_struct\_type< std::array< T, N > > Struct Template Reference

std::array and derived classes

#### 5.13.1 Detailed Description

```

template<typename T, size_t N>
struct goopax::goopax_struct_type< std::array< T, N > >
  
```

std::array and derived classes

## 5.14 gpu\_ostream Class Reference

### Public Member Functions

- [gpu\\_ostream](#) (ostream &os0)

### Friends

- [gpu\\_ostream](#) & [operator<<](#) ([gpu\\_ostream](#) &out, const string &s)  
*output string*
- [template<class T >](#)  
[gpu\\_ostream](#) & [operator<<](#) ([gpu\\_ostream](#) &out, const [gpu\\_type< T >](#) &val)  
*output gpu value*
- [template<typename T , typename = typename enable\\_if<is\\_fundamental<T>::value || is\\_half<T>::value>::type>](#)  
[gpu\\_ostream](#) & [operator<<](#) ([gpu\\_ostream](#) &s, T a)  
*output cpu value*
- [template<class V >](#)  
[gpu\\_ostream](#) & [operator<<](#) (typename enable\_if< is\_container< V >::value, [gpu\\_ostream](#) >::type &out, const V &v)  
*output STL vector*
- [gpu\\_ostream](#) & [operator<<](#) ([gpu\\_ostream](#) &out, const char \*s)  
*output C-style string*
- [gpu\\_ostream](#) & [operator<<](#) ([gpu\\_ostream](#) &s, ostream &(\*\_\_pf)(ostream &))  
*output endl/flush*
- [gpu\\_ostream](#) & [operator<<](#) ([gpu\\_ostream](#) &s, decltype(&hex) h)  
*modify stream, e.g. by hex or dec modifiers*
- [template<class T , class TA >](#)  
[gpu\\_ostream](#) & [operator<<](#) ([gpu\\_ostream](#) &out, const checknan< T, TA > &val)  
*output cpu debug value*

### 5.14.1 Detailed Description

Streaming class that can be used from within GPU kernels. The usage is similar to `std::ostream`. The output is written to the `std::ostream` object specified in the constructor. The output may be delayed until `wait()` has been called for the kernel/device. The order in which concurrent threads write is undefined. The output of any thread is only interrupted by other threads when 'endl' or 'flush' is used. If the output should not be interrupted, use "\n" instead of endl.

### 5.14.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

#### 5.14.2.1 gpu\_ostream()

```
gpu_ostream (
    ostream & os0 ) [inline]
```

Constructor.

## Parameters

<code>os0</code>	std::ostream object to which the output is passed.
------------------	----------------------------------------------------

## 5.15 `gpu_type< T, scope >` Class Template Reference

Inherits wrapper< TYPE, IMPL >.

### Public Member Functions

- template<typename EA = void, typename EB = typename enable\_if< true , EA>::type>  
`gpu_bool operator==` (const `gpu_type` &b) const  
*Compare two GPU values for equality.*
- template<typename EA = void, typename EB = typename enable\_if< true , EA>::type>  
`gpu_bool operator!=` (const `gpu_type` &b) const  
*Compare two GPU values for inequality.*
- template<typename EA = void, typename EB = typename enable\_if< !is\_bool , EA>::type>  
`gpu_bool operator<` (const `gpu_type` &b) const  
*Compare two GPU values.*
- template<typename EA = void, typename EB = typename enable\_if< !is\_bool , EA>::type>  
`gpu_bool operator>=` (const `gpu_type` &b) const  
*Compare two GPU values.*
- template<typename EA = void, typename EB = typename enable\_if< is\_bool , EA>::type>  
`gpu_bool operator&&` (const `gpu_type` &b) const  
*boolean AND*
- template<typename EA = void, typename EB = typename enable\_if< is\_bool , EA>::type>  
`gpu_bool operator||` (const `gpu_type` &b) const  
*boolean OR*
- template<typename EA = void, typename EB = typename enable\_if< !is\_bool , EA>::type>  
`gpu_type operator+` (const `gpu_type` &b) const  
*addition*
- template<typename EA = void, typename EB = typename enable\_if< !is\_bool , EA>::type>  
`gpu_type operator*` (const `gpu_type` &b) const  
*multiplication*
- template<typename EA = void, typename EB = typename enable\_if< !is\_bool , EA>::type>  
`gpu_type operator/` (const `gpu_type` &b) const  
*division*
- template<typename EA = void, typename EB = typename enable\_if< is\_int , EA>::type>  
`gpu_type operator&` (const `gpu_type` &b) const  
*bitwise AND*
- template<typename EA = void, typename EB = typename enable\_if< is\_int , EA>::type>  
`gpu_type operator|` (const `gpu_type` &b) const  
*bitwise OR*
- template<typename EA = void, typename EB = typename enable\_if< is\_int , EA>::type>  
`gpu_type operator^` (const `gpu_type` &b) const  
*bitwise xor*
- template<typename EA = void, typename EB = typename enable\_if< !is\_bool , EA>::type>  
`gpu_type operator<<` (const `gpu_uint` &b) const  
*left shift*

- `template<typename EA = void, typename EB = typename enable_if< !is_bool , EA>::type> gpu_type operator>> (const gpu_uint &b) const`  
*right shift*
- `template<typename EA = void, typename EB = typename enable_if< is_int , EA>::type> gpu_type operator% (const gpu_type &b) const`  
*modulo operator*
- `template<typename EA = void, typename EB = typename enable_if< !is_bool , EA>::type> gpu_type operator- (const gpu_type &b) const`
- `template<typename EA = void, typename EB = typename enable_if< !is_bool , EA>::type> gpu_type operator- () const`
- `template<typename EA = void, typename EB = typename enable_if< !is_bool , EA>::type> gpu_type operator+ () const`
- `template<typename EA = void, typename EB = typename enable_if< !is_bool , EA>::type> gpu_bool operator> (const gpu_type &b) const`
- `template<typename EA = void, typename EB = typename enable_if< !is_bool , EA>::type> gpu_bool operator<= (const gpu_type &b) const`
- `template<typename EA = void, typename EB = typename enable_if< is_int , EA>::type> gpu_type & operator++ ()`
- `template<typename EA = void, typename EB = typename enable_if< is_int , EA>::type> gpu_type & operator-- ()`
- `template<typename EA = void, typename EB = typename enable_if< is_int , EA>::type> gpu_type operator++ (int)`
- `template<typename EA = void, typename EB = typename enable_if< is_int , EA>::type> gpu_type operator-- (int)`
- `template<typename EA = void, typename EB = typename enable_if< !is_bool , EA>::type> gpu_type & operator+= (const gpu_type &b)`  
*addition*
- `template<typename EA = void, typename EB = typename enable_if< !is_bool , EA>::type> gpu_type & operator-= (const gpu_type &b)`  
*subtraction*
- `template<typename EA = void, typename EB = typename enable_if< !is_bool , EA>::type> gpu_type & operator*= (const gpu_type &b)`  
*multiplication*
- `template<typename EA = void, typename EB = typename enable_if< !is_bool , EA>::type> gpu_type & operator/= (const gpu_type &b)`  
*division*
- `template<typename EA = void, typename EB = typename enable_if< is_int , EA>::type> gpu_type & operator&= (const gpu_type &b)`  
*bitwise AND*
- `template<typename EA = void, typename EB = typename enable_if< is_int , EA>::type> gpu_type & operator|= (const gpu_type &b)`  
*bitwise OR*
- `template<typename EA = void, typename EB = typename enable_if< is_int , EA>::type> gpu_type & operator^= (const gpu_type &b)`  
*bitwise XOR*
- `template<typename EA = void, typename EB = typename enable_if< is_int , EA>::type> gpu_type & operator<<= (const gpu_uint &b)`  
*left shift*
- `template<typename EA = void, typename EB = typename enable_if< is_int , EA>::type> gpu_type & operator>>= (const gpu_uint &b)`  
*right shift*
- `template<typename EA = void, typename EB = typename enable_if< is_int , EA>::type> gpu_type & operator%*= (const gpu_type &b)`  
*modulo*

- `void gpu_break ()`
- `void gpu_continue ()`
- `gpu_type ()`
- `template<typename U >`  
`gpu_type (const struct wrapper< gpu_type< U >, gpu_writer_base_impl > &b)`
- `gpu_type (T d)`
- `template<typename U, typename = typename enable_if<is_half<T>::value && is_arithmetic<U>::value>::type>`  
`gpu_type (U d)`
- `template<typename TA, typename BT >`  
`gpu_type (const checknan< BT, TA > &d)`
- `template<typename B, typename FOO = typename enable_if<(((is_int && is_integral<B>::value && !is_same<B, bool>::value)>`  
`gpu_type (const gpu_type< B > &b)`
- `gpu_type (const gpu_type &b)`
- `gpu_type & operator= (const gpu_type &b)`

### 5.15.1 Detailed Description

```
template<typename T, memory::scope scope>
class goopax::impl::gpu_type< T, scope >
```

GPU data type, used in GPU kernels to store values in registers.

#### Template Parameters

<code>T</code>	corresponding CPU intrinsic type. Pointers are represented as <code>gpu_type&lt;T*&gt;</code> or <code>gpu_type&lt;const T*&gt;</code> , where <code>T</code> is a CPU intrinsic type or a goopax struct type.
----------------	----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------

### 5.15.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

#### 5.15.2.1 `gpu_type()` [1/7]

```
gpu_type ( ) [inline]
```

default constructor for uninitialized variable.

#### 5.15.2.2 `gpu_type()` [2/7]

```
gpu_type (
    const struct wrapper< gpu_type< U >, gpu_writer_base_impl > & b ) [inline],
[explicit]
```

explicit type conversion

**5.15.2.3 gpu\_type()** [3/7]

```
gpu_type (
    T d ) [inline]
```

conversion from CPU type

**5.15.2.4 gpu\_type()** [4/7]

```
gpu_type (
    U d ) [inline]
```

conversion from CPU type

**5.15.2.5 gpu\_type()** [5/7]

```
gpu_type (
    const checknan< BT, TA > & d ) [inline]
```

conversion from CPU debug type

**5.15.2.6 gpu\_type()** [6/7]

```
gpu_type (
    const gpu_type< B > & b ) [inline]
```

Implicit type conversion The type conversion rules are stricter than the standard C/C++ type conversion rules to avoid unintended performance loss: Integer values are only implicitly converted to integers of at least the same size or to floating point numbers. floating point numbers are only implicitly converted to other floating point numbers of at least the same size. Other conversions need to be done explicitly, with `static_cast`, or C/C++ style cast.

**5.15.2.7 gpu\_type()** [7/7]

```
gpu_type (
    const gpu_type< T, scope > & b ) [inline]
```

copy constructor

**5.15.3 Member Function Documentation****5.15.3.1 gpu\_break()**

```
void gpu_break ( ) [inline]
```

Break from loop. Only valid on loop variables. Calling `gpu_break()` on non-loop variables results in an error.

### 5.15.3.2 `gpu_continue()`

```
void gpu_continue ( ) [inline]
```

Continue loop. Only valid on loop variables. Calling `gpu_continue()` on non-loop variables results in an error.

### 5.15.3.3 `operator+()`

```
gpu_type operator+ ( ) const [inline]
```

unary +

### 5.15.3.4 `operator++()` [1/2]

```
gpu_type& operator++ ( ) [inline]
```

increment

### 5.15.3.5 `operator++()` [2/2]

```
gpu_type operator++ (
    int ) [inline]
```

increment

### 5.15.3.6 `operator-()` [1/2]

```
gpu_type operator- ( ) const [inline]
```

unary -

### 5.15.3.7 `operator-()` [2/2]

```
gpu_type operator- (
    const gpu_type< T, scope > & b ) const [inline]
```

subtract

### 5.15.3.8 `operator--()` [1/2]

```
gpu_type& operator-- ( ) [inline]
```

decrement

**5.15.3.9 operator--()** [2/2]

```
gpu_type operator-- (
    int ) [inline]
```

decrement

**5.15.3.10 operator<=()**

```
gpu_bool operator<= (
    const gpu_type< T, scope > & b ) const [inline]
```

comparison

**5.15.3.11 operator=()**

```
gpu_type& operator= (
    const gpu_type< T, scope > & b ) [inline]
```

assignment operator

**5.15.3.12 operator>()**

```
gpu_bool operator> (
    const gpu_type< T, scope > & b ) const [inline]
```

comparison

**5.16 image\_array\_buffer< DIM, T, normalized > Class Template Reference**

Inherits image\_buffer\_base< DIM, IS\_ARRAY, T, normalized >.

**Classes**

- struct [image\\_slice](#)

*Reference to single image in the image array.*

## Public Member Functions

- size\_type [array\\_size](#) () const
- [image\\_slice](#)< false > [operator\[\]](#) (size\_type imagenum)
- [image\\_slice](#)< true > [operator\[\]](#) (size\_type imagenum) const
- void [copy](#) (const [image\\_array\\_buffer](#) &b, array< size\_type, DIM+1 > src\_origin, array< size\_type, DIM+1 > dest\_origin, array< size\_type, DIM+1 > region)
- void [copy](#) (const [image\\_array\\_buffer](#) &b)
- void [copy\\_to\\_host](#) (T \*p, array< size\_type, DIM+1 > origin, array< size\_type, DIM+1 > region, array< size\_type, DIM > pitchdim=makearray< size\_type, DIM >(0)) const
- void [copy\\_to\\_host](#) (T \*p) const
- vector< value\_type > [to\\_vector](#) () const
- void [copy\\_from\\_host](#) (const T \*p, array< size\_type, DIM+1 > origin, array< size\_type, DIM+1 > region, array< size\_type, DIM > pitchdim=makearray< size\_type, DIM >(0))
- [image\\_array\\_buffer](#) ()
- [image\\_array\\_buffer](#) ([goopax\\_device](#) device, size\_type num\_images, const array< size\_type, DIM > size, [IMAGE\\_FLAGS](#) flags=IMAGE\_READ\_WRITE, value\_type \*host\_ptr=nullptr, array< size\_type, DIM > pitchdim=makearray< size\_type, DIM >(0))
- void [fill](#) (T value, array< size\_type, DIM+1 > origin, array< size\_type, DIM+1 > region)
- void [fill](#) (T value)

## Static Public Member Functions

- static [image\\_array\\_buffer create\\_from\\_gl](#) ([goopax\\_device](#) device, unsigned int GLres, [IMAGE\\_FLAGS](#) flags=IMAGE\_READ\_WRITE, unsigned int GLtarget=(DIM==1 ? 0x0DE0 :(DIM==2 ? 0x0DE1 :0x806F)), int miplevel=0)
- static [image\\_array\\_buffer create\\_from\\_cl](#) ([goopax\\_device](#) device, \_cl\_mem \*mem)

### 5.16.1 Detailed Description

```
template<unsigned int DIM, typename T, bool normalized>
class goopax::impl::image_array_buffer< DIM, T, normalized >
```

/ Image array. The image will be allocated on the device.

#### Template Parameters

<i>DIM</i>	Number of dimensions. Must be 1 or 2.
<i>T</i>	Element data type. Must be std::array<C, N>, or other goopax struct of identical types. C: channel type (int32_t, int16_t, int8_t, uint32_t, uint16_t, uint8_t, float, half), N: number of channels (must be 4 at the moment).
<i>normalized</i>	if set to true, image values are normalized to floats in the range 0..1 for unsigned channel types, or -1..1 for signed channel types. Defaults to false if the channel data type allows unnormalized access

### 5.16.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

**5.16.2.1 image\_array\_buffer()** [1/2]

```
image_array_buffer ( ) [inline]
```

default constructor. Image must not be used until replaced by a real image.

**5.16.2.2 image\_array\_buffer()** [2/2]

```
image_array_buffer (
    goopax_device device,
    size_type num_images,
    const array< size_type, DIM > size,
    IMAGE_FLAGS flags = IMAGE_READ_WRITE,
    value_type * host_ptr = nullptr,
    array< size_type, DIM > pitchdim = makearray<size_type, DIM>(0) ) [inline]
```

Allocated image array on the device.

**Parameters**

<i>device</i>	device to allocate image on
<i>num_devices</i>	number of images in the array
<i>size</i>	image dimensions
<i>flags</i>	must be one of IMAGE_READ_WRITE, IMAGE_READ_ONLY, IMAGE_WRITE_ONLY, IMAGE_WRITE_DISCARD
<i>host_ptr</i>	if used, image array will be linked to the specified address in host memory.
<i>pitchdim</i>	pitch size in pixels

**5.16.3 Member Function Documentation****5.16.3.1 array\_size()**

```
size_type array_size ( ) const [inline]
```

Number of images in the array

**5.16.3.2 copy()** [1/2]

```
void copy (
    const image_array_buffer< DIM, T, normalized > & b ) [inline]
```

copy image array

## 5.16.3.3 copy() [2/2]

```
void copy (
    const image_array_buffer< DIM, T, normalized > & b,
    array< size_type, DIM+1 > src_origin,
    array< size_type, DIM+1 > dest_origin,
    array< size_type, DIM+1 > region ) [inline]
```

copy image array The last indices in `src_origin`, `dest_origin`, and `region` refer to the image slice, i.e., for 1D image arrays, coordinates in the form {x, imagenum} are passed, for 2D image arrays, coordinates in the form {x, y, imagenum} are passed.

## Parameters

<i>b</i>	source image array
<i>src_origin</i>	offset in source image array
<i>dest_origin</i>	offset in destination image array
<i>region</i>	size of image array patch.

## 5.16.3.4 copy\_from\_host()

```
void copy_from_host (
    const T * p,
    array< size_type, DIM+1 > origin,
    array< size_type, DIM+1 > region,
    array< size_type, DIM > pitchdim = makearray<size_type, DIM>(0) ) [inline]
```

copy image array from host memory

## Parameters

<i>p</i>	pointer in host memory
<i>origin</i>	image offset in device
<i>region</i>	size of image patch
<i>pitchdim</i>	full image dimensions in host memory. If filled with zeros, will be calculated from image size

## 5.16.3.5 copy\_to\_host() [1/2]

```
void copy_to_host (
    T * p ) const [inline]
```

copy image array to host memory

## Parameters

<i>p</i>	pointer to host memory
----------	------------------------

### 5.16.3.6 copy\_to\_host() [2/2]

```
void copy_to_host (
    T * p,
    array< size_type, DIM+1 > origin,
    array< size_type, DIM+1 > region,
    array< size_type, DIM > pitchdim = makearray<size_type, DIM>(0) ) const [inline]
```

copy image array to host memory.

#### Parameters

<i>p</i>	pointer to host memory
<i>origin</i>	offset in device image
<i>region</i>	size of image patch
<i>pitchdim</i>	full image dimensions in host memory. If filled with zeros, will be calculated from image size

### 5.16.3.7 fill() [1/2]

```
void fill (
    T value ) [inline]
```

Fill image array

#### Parameters

<i>value</i>	color to fill
--------------	---------------

### 5.16.3.8 fill() [2/2]

```
void fill (
    T value,
    array< size_type, DIM+1 > origin,
    array< size_type, DIM+1 > region ) [inline]
```

Fill image array

#### Parameters

<i>value</i>	color to fill
<i>origin</i>	origin in destination image. The last value specifies the image number in the array.
<i>region</i>	size of image patch to fill. The last value is the number of images to fill in the array.

**5.16.3.9 operator[]() [1/2]**

```
image_slice<false> operator[] (
    size_type imagenum ) [inline]
```

selects one image of the image array

**5.16.3.10 operator[]() [2/2]**

```
image_slice<true> operator[] (
    size_type imagenum ) const [inline]
```

selects one image of the image array

**5.16.3.11 to\_vector()**

```
vector<value_type> to_vector ( ) const [inline]
```

returns a std::vector that holds a copy of the data

## 5.17 image\_array\_buffer\_map< DIM, T, is\_const > Class Template Reference

Inherits map\_base.

### Public Member Functions

- array< Tuint, DIM > [dimensions](#) () const
- Tsize\_t [array\\_size](#) () const
- [image\\_buffer\\_map](#)< DIM, T, is\_const > [operator\[\]](#) (Tsize\_t slice)
- [image\\_buffer\\_map](#)< DIM, T, true > [operator\[\]](#) (Tsize\_t slice) const
- template<bool normalized, typename EIF = void, typename = typename enable\_if<!is\_const, EIF>::type> [image\\_array\\_buffer\\_map](#) (image\_array\_buffer< DIM, T, normalized > &buf)
- template<bool normalized, typename EIF = void, typename = typename enable\_if<!is\_const, EIF>::type> [image\\_array\\_buffer\\_map](#) (image\_array\_buffer< DIM, T, normalized > &buf, array< Tuint, DIM+1 > origin, array< Tuint, DIM+1 > region)
- template<bool normalized, typename EIF = void, typename = typename enable\_if<is\_const, EIF>::type> [image\\_array\\_buffer\\_map](#) (const image\_array\_buffer< DIM, T, normalized > &buf)
- template<bool normalized, typename EIF = void, typename = typename enable\_if<is\_const, EIF>::type> [image\\_array\\_buffer\\_map](#) (const image\_array\_buffer< DIM, T, normalized > &buf, array< Tuint, DIM+1 > origin, array< Tuint, DIM+1 > region)

### 5.17.1 Detailed Description

```
template<unsigned int DIM, typename T, bool is_const = false>
class goopax::impl::image_array_buffer_map< DIM, T, is_const >
```

Maps an image buffer array to host memory

### 5.17.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

#### 5.17.2.1 image\_array\_buffer\_map() [1/4]

```
image_array_buffer_map (
    image_array_buffer< DIM, T, normalized > & buf ) [inline]
```

constructor.

Parameters

<i>buf</i>	image array that is to be mapped to host memory
------------	-------------------------------------------------

#### 5.17.2.2 image\_array\_buffer\_map() [2/4]

```
image_array_buffer_map (
    image_array_buffer< DIM, T, normalized > & buf,
    array< Tuint, DIM+1 > origin,
    array< Tuint, DIM+1 > region ) [inline]
```

constructor.

Parameters

<i>buf</i>	image array that is to be mapped to host memory
<i>origin</i>	of image region. The last element is the first array index
<i>region</i>	size of image region. The last element specifies the number of images.

#### 5.17.2.3 image\_array\_buffer\_map() [3/4]

```
image_array_buffer_map (
    const image_array_buffer< DIM, T, normalized > & buf ) [inline]
```

constructor.

## Parameters

<i>buf</i>	image array that is to be mapped to host memory
------------	-------------------------------------------------

## 5.17.2.4 image\_array\_buffer\_map() [4/4]

```
image_array_buffer_map (
    const image_array_buffer< DIM, T, normalized > & buf,
    array< Tuint, DIM+1 > origin,
    array< Tuint, DIM+1 > region ) [inline]
```

constructor.

## Parameters

<i>buf</i>	image array that is to be mapped to host memory
<i>origin</i>	of image region. The last element is the first array index
<i>region</i>	size of image region. The last element specifies the number of images.

## 5.17.3 Member Function Documentation

## 5.17.3.1 array\_size()

```
Tsize_t array_size ( ) const [inline]
```

number of images in the array map

## 5.17.3.2 dimensions()

```
array<Tuint, DIM> dimensions ( ) const [inline]
```

image dimensions of the image map.

## 5.17.3.3 operator[]() [1/2]

```
image_buffer_map<DIM, T, is_const> operator[] (
    Tsize_t slice ) [inline]
```

accessing image slice in the image array

**Parameters**

<i>slice</i>	image number in the array
--------------	---------------------------

**Returns**

image map to the image

**5.17.3.4 operator[]() [2/2]**

```
image_buffer_map<DIM, T, true> operator[] (
    Tsize_t slice ) const [inline]
```

accessing image slice in the image array

**Parameters**

<i>slice</i>	image number in the array
--------------	---------------------------

**Returns**

image map to the image

**5.18 image\_array\_resource< DIM, T, normalized > Class Template Reference**

Inherits image\_resource\_base< DIM, IS\_ARRAY, T, normalized >.

**Classes**

- struct [image\\_slice](#)  
*Reference to single image in the image array.*

**Public Member Functions**

- [image\\_slice< image\\_array\\_resource & > operator\[\]](#) (size\_type imagenum)
- [image\\_slice< const image\\_array\\_resource & > operator\[\]](#) (size\_type imagenum) const
- [image\\_array\\_resource](#) (const [buffer\\_type](#) &tex)

**5.18.1 Detailed Description**

```
template<unsigned int DIM, typename T, bool normalized>
class goopax::impl::image_array_resource< DIM, T, normalized >
```

Image array resources. Used for accessing an [image\\_array\\_buffer](#) from the kernel code.

## Template Parameters

<i>DIM</i>	Number of dimensions. Must be 1 or 2.
<i>T</i>	Element data type. Must be <code>std::array&lt;C, N&gt;</code> , or other goopax struct of identical types. C: channel type ( <code>int32_t</code> , <code>int16_t</code> , <code>int8_t</code> , <code>uint32_t</code> , <code>uint16_t</code> , <code>uint8_t</code> , <code>float</code> , <code>half</code> ), N: number of channels (must be 4 at the moment).
<i>normalized</i>	if set to true, image values are normalized to floats in the range 0..1 for unsigned channel types, or -1..1 for signed channel types. Defaults to false if the channel data type allows unnormalized access

## 5.18.2 Constructor &amp; Destructor Documentation

## 5.18.2.1 image\_array\_resource()

```
image_array_resource (
    const buffer_type & tex ) [inline]
```

constructor.

## Parameters

<i>tex</i>	<a href="#">image_array_buffer</a> to link to. The template parameters of the <a href="#">image_array_buffer</a> and the <a href="#">image_array_resource</a> must match
------------	--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------

## 5.18.3 Member Function Documentation

## 5.18.3.1 operator[]() [1/2]

```
image_slice<image_array_resource&> operator[] (
    size_type imagenum ) [inline]
```

access image slice

## Parameters

<i>imagenum</i>	image number in the array
-----------------	---------------------------

## Returns

image slice

### 5.18.3.2 operator[]() [2/2]

```
image_slice<const image_array_resource&> operator[] (
    size_type imagenum ) const [inline]
```

access image slice (const)

#### Parameters

<i>imagenum</i>	image number in the array
-----------------	---------------------------

#### Returns

image slice

## 5.19 image\_buffer< DIM, T, normalized > Class Template Reference

Inherits image\_buffer\_base< DIM, IS\_ARRAY, T, normalized >.

### Public Types

- using `map_type` = `image_buffer_map< DIM, T >`  
     < *pixe element type*

### Public Member Functions

- `goopax_device get_device ()` const  
     < *returns the device that the image is allocated on*
- void `copy` (const `image_buffer` &b, array< size\_type, DIM > src\_origin, array< size\_type, DIM > dest\_origin, array< size\_type, DIM > region)
- void `copy` (const `image_buffer` &b)
- void `copy_to_host` (T \*p, array< size\_type, DIM > origin, array< size\_type, DIM > region, array< size\_type, DIM - 1 > pitchdim=makearray< size\_type, DIM - 1 >(0)) const
- vector< value\_type > `to_vector` () const
- void `copy_from_host` (const T \*p, array< size\_type, DIM > origin, array< size\_type, DIM > region, array< size\_type, DIM - 1 > pitchdim=makearray< size\_type, DIM - 1 >(0))
- void `copy_from_host` (const T \*p)
- void `fill` (T value, array< size\_type, DIM > origin, array< size\_type, DIM > region)
- void `fill` (T value)
- `image_buffer` (`goopax_device` device, const array< size\_type, DIM > size, `IMAGE_FLAGS` flags=IMAGE\_READ\_WRITE, value\_type \*host\_ptr=nullptr, array< size\_type, DIM - 1 > pitchdim=makearray< size\_type, DIM - 1 >(0))
- `image_buffer` ()

### Static Public Member Functions

- static `image_buffer create_from_gl` (`goopax_device` device, unsigned int GLres, `IMAGE_FLAGS` flags=IMAGE\_READ\_WRITE, unsigned int GLtarget=(DIM==1 ? 0x0DE0 :(DIM==2 ? 0x0DE1 :0x806F)), int miplevel=0)
- static `image_buffer create_from_cl` (`goopax_device` device, `_cl_mem` \*mem)

### 5.19.1 Detailed Description

```
template<unsigned int DIM, typename T, bool normalized>
class goopax::impl::image_buffer< DIM, T, normalized >
```

/ Image container. The image will be allocated on the device.

#### Template Parameters

<i>DIM</i>	Number of dimensions. Must be 1, 2, od 3.
<i>T</i>	Element data type. Must be <code>std::array&lt;C, N&gt;</code> , or other goopax struct of identical types. C: channel type (int32_t, int16_t, int8_t, uint32_t, uint16_t, uint8_t, float, half), N: number of channels (must be 4 at the moment).
<i>normalized</i>	if set to true, image values are normalized to floats in the range 0..1 for unsigned channel types, or -1..1 for signed channel types. Defaults to false if the channel data type allows unnormalized access

### 5.19.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

#### 5.19.2.1 image\_buffer() [1/2]

```
image_buffer (
    goopax_device device,
    const array< size_type, DIM > size,
    IMAGE_FLAGS flags = IMAGE_READ_WRITE,
    value_type * host_ptr = nullptr,
    array< size_type, DIM - 1 > pitchdim = makearray<size_type, DIM - 1>(0) ) [inline]
```

Allocated image on the device.

#### Parameters

<i>device</i>	device to allocate image on
<i>size</i>	size of image
<i>flags</i>	must be one of IMAGE_READ_WRITE, IMAGE_READ_ONLY, IMAGE_WRITE_ONLY, IMAGE_WRITE_DISCARD
<i>host_ptr</i>	if used, image will be linked to the specified address in host memory.
<i>pitchdim</i>	pitch size in pixels

#### 5.19.2.2 image\_buffer() [2/2]

```
image_buffer ( ) [inline]
```

default constructor. Image must not be used until replaced by a real image.

### 5.19.3 Member Function Documentation

#### 5.19.3.1 copy() [1/2]

```
void copy (
    const image_buffer< DIM, T, normalized > & b ) [inline]
```

copy image from another image with the same type and dimensions.

#### 5.19.3.2 copy() [2/2]

```
void copy (
    const image_buffer< DIM, T, normalized > & b,
    array< size_type, DIM > src_origin,
    array< size_type, DIM > dest_origin,
    array< size_type, DIM > region ) [inline]
```

copy image region from another image of the same type.

##### Parameters

<i>b</i>	source image
<i>src_origin</i>	origin in source image
<i>dest_origin</i>	origin in *this
<i>region</i>	size of image region to copy

#### 5.19.3.3 copy\_from\_host() [1/2]

```
void copy_from_host (
    const T * p ) [inline]
```

copy whole image from host.

##### Parameters

<i>p</i>	source address in host memory
----------	-------------------------------

#### 5.19.3.4 copy\_from\_host() [2/2]

```
void copy_from_host (
    const T * p,
```

```

    array< size_type, DIM > origin,
    array< size_type, DIM > region,
    array< size_type, DIM - 1 > pitchdim = makearray<size_type, DIM - 1>(0) ) [inline]

```

copy image region from host.

#### Parameters

<i>p</i>	source address in host memory
<i>origin</i>	origin of image in device
<i>region</i>	size of image region
<i>pitchdim</i>	row pitch dimensions (2D images) or row pitch+slice pitch dimensions (3D images), in pixels. If values are 0, the pitch is calculated from region

#### 5.19.3.5 copy\_to\_host()

```

void copy_to_host (
    T * p,
    array< size_type, DIM > origin,
    array< size_type, DIM > region,
    array< size_type, DIM - 1 > pitchdim = makearray<size_type, DIM - 1>(0) ) const
[inline]

```

copy image region to host.

#### Parameters

<i>p</i>	destination address in host memory
<i>origin</i>	origin of image in device
<i>region</i>	size of image region
<i>pitchdim</i>	row pitch dimensions (2D images) or row pitch+slice pitch dimensions (3D images), in pixels.

#### 5.19.3.6 fill() [1/2]

```

void fill (
    T value ) [inline]

```

Fill image array

#### Parameters

<i>value</i>	color to fill
--------------	---------------

### 5.19.3.7 fill() [2/2]

```
void fill (
    T value,
    array< size_type, DIM > origin,
    array< size_type, DIM > region ) [inline]
```

Fill image array

#### Parameters

<i>value</i>	color to fill
<i>origin</i>	origin in destination image.
<i>region</i>	size of image patch to fill.

### 5.19.3.8 to\_vector()

```
vector<value_type> to_vector ( ) const [inline]
```

returns a std::vector that holds a copy of the data

## 5.20 image\_buffer\_map< DIM, T, is\_const > Class Template Reference

Inherits map\_base.

### Public Member Functions

- array< Tuint, DIM > [dimensions](#) () const
- template<typename EIF = void, typename = typename enable\_if<!is\_const, EIF>::type> value\_type & [operator\[\]](#) (array< Tuint, DIM > pos)
- const value\_type & [operator\[\]](#) (array< Tuint, DIM > pos) const
- template<bool normalized, typename EIF = void, typename = typename enable\_if<!is\_const, EIF>::type> [image\\_buffer\\_map](#) (image\_buffer< DIM, T, normalized > &buf)
- template<bool normalized, typename EIF = void, typename = typename enable\_if<!is\_const, EIF>::type> [image\\_buffer\\_map](#) (image\_buffer< DIM, T, normalized > &buf, array< Tuint, DIM > origin, array< Tuint, DIM > region)
- template<bool normalized, typename EIF = void, typename = typename enable\_if<!is\_const, EIF>::type> [image\\_buffer\\_map](#) (const image\_buffer< DIM, T, normalized > &buf)
- template<bool normalized, typename EIF = void, typename = typename enable\_if<!is\_const, EIF>::type> [image\\_buffer\\_map](#) (const image\_buffer< DIM, T, normalized > &buf, array< Tuint, DIM > origin, array< Tuint, DIM > region)

### 5.20.1 Detailed Description

```
template<unsigned int DIM, typename T, bool is_const = false>
class goopax::impl::image_buffer_map< DIM, T, is_const >
```

Maps an image buffer to host memory and provides access to the image from the host.

## 5.20.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

### 5.20.2.1 image\_buffer\_map() [1/4]

```
image_buffer_map (
    image_buffer< DIM, T, normalized > & buf ) [inline]
```

constructor.

#### Parameters

<i>buf</i>	image that is to be mapped to host memory
------------	-------------------------------------------

### 5.20.2.2 image\_buffer\_map() [2/4]

```
image_buffer_map (
    image_buffer< DIM, T, normalized > & buf,
    array< Tuint, DIM > origin,
    array< Tuint, DIM > region ) [inline]
```

constructor.

#### Parameters

<i>buf</i>	image that is to be mapped to host memory
<i>origin</i>	begin of image region
<i>region</i>	size of image region

### 5.20.2.3 image\_buffer\_map() [3/4]

```
image_buffer_map (
    const image_buffer< DIM, T, normalized > & buf ) [inline]
```

constructor.

#### Parameters

<i>buf</i>	const image that is to be mapped to host memory.
------------	--------------------------------------------------

### 5.20.2.4 image\_buffer\_map() [4/4]

```
image_buffer_map (
    const image_buffer< DIM, T, normalized > & buf,
    array< Tuint, DIM > origin,
    array< Tuint, DIM > region ) [inline]
```

constructor.

#### Parameters

<i>buf</i>	image that is to be mapped to host memory
<i>origin</i>	begin of image region
<i>region</i>	size of image region

## 5.20.3 Member Function Documentation

### 5.20.3.1 dimensions()

```
array<Tuint, DIM> dimensions ( ) const [inline]
```

dimensions of image map

### 5.20.3.2 operator[]() [1/2]

```
value_type& operator[] (
    array< Tuint, DIM > pos ) [inline]
```

image access from host

#### Parameters

<i>pos</i>	position in image
------------	-------------------

#### Returns

reference to image pixel

### 5.20.3.3 operator[]() [2/2]

```
const value_type& operator[] (
    array< Tuint, DIM > pos ) const [inline]
```

image access from host

## Parameters

<i>pos</i>	position in image
------------	-------------------

## Returns

reference to image pixel

## 5.21 image\_resource< DIM, T, normalized > Class Template Reference

Inherits image\_resource\_base< DIM, IS\_ARRAY, T, normalized >.

### Public Member Functions

- access\_type [read](#) (array< size\_type, DIM > pos) const
- template<typename U , typename = typename enable\_if<allow\_sampler, U>::type>  
access\_type [read](#) (array< U, DIM > pos, sampler\_mode sampler) const
- template<typename POS , typename = typename enable\_if<is\_same<typename POS::value\_type, size\_type>::value>::type>  
access\_type [read](#) (POS pos) const
- template<typename POS , typename = typename enable\_if<allow\_sampler, POS>::type>  
access\_type [read](#) (POS pos, sampler\_mode sampler) const
- void [write](#) (array< size\_type, DIM > pos, access\_type colors)
- template<typename POS , typename = typename enable\_if<is\_same<typename POS::value\_type, size\_type>::value>::type>  
void [write](#) (POS pos, access\_type colors)
- [image\\_resource](#) (buffer\_type &tex)

### Static Public Attributes

- static constexpr bool [allow\\_sampler](#) = base\_t::allow\_sampler(normalized)  
*true if samplers are allowed for the channel data type.*

#### 5.21.1 Detailed Description

```
template<unsigned int DIM, typename T, bool normalized>
class goopax::impl::image_resource< DIM, T, normalized >
```

Image resources. Used for accessing an [image\\_buffer](#) from the kernel code.

#### Template Parameters

<i>DIM</i>	Number of dimensions. Must be 1, 2, or 3.
<i>T</i>	Element data type. Must be std::array<C, N>, or other goopax struct of identical types. C: channel type (int32_t, int16_t, int8_t, uint32_t, uint16_t, uint8_t, float, half), N: number of channels (must be 4 at the moment).
<i>normalized</i>	if set to true, image values are normalized to floats in the range 0..1 for unsigned channel types, or -1..1 for signed channel types. Defaults to false if the channel data type allows unnormalized access

## 5.21.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

### 5.21.2.1 image\_resource()

```
image_resource (
    buffer_type & tex ) [inline]
```

constructor.

#### Parameters

<i>tex</i>	<a href="#">image_buffer</a> to link to. The template parameters of the <a href="#">image_buffer</a> and the <a href="#">image_resource</a> must match
------------	--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------

## 5.21.3 Member Function Documentation

### 5.21.3.1 read() [1/4]

```
access_type read (
    array< size_type, DIM > pos ) const [inline]
```

read from image

#### Parameters

<i>pos</i>	image position
<i>return</i>	pixel at the given position

### 5.21.3.2 read() [2/4]

```
access_type read (
    array< U, DIM > pos,
    sampler_mode sampler ) const [inline]
```

read from image with sampler

#### Parameters

<i>pos</i>	position, may be an array of type <code>gpu_int</code> , <code>gpu_uint</code> , or <code>gpu_float</code>
<i>sampler</i>	mode.
<i>return</i>	pixel

**5.21.3.3 read()** [3/4]

```
access_type read (
    POS pos ) const [inline]
```

read pixel.

**Parameters**

<i>pos</i>	pixel position. May be any container that provides the [] operator
<i>return</i>	pixel at the given position

**5.21.3.4 read()** [4/4]

```
access_type read (
    POS pos,
    sampler_mode sampler ) const [inline]
```

read from image with sampler

**Parameters**

<i>pos</i>	position, may be any container that provides the [] operator, and that holds values of type gpu_int, gpu_uint, or gpu_float
<i>sampler</i>	mode.
<i>return</i>	pixel

**5.21.3.5 write()** [1/2]

```
void write (
    array< size_type, DIM > pos,
    access_type colors ) [inline]
```

write to image

**Parameters**

<i>pos</i>	pixel position
<i>colors</i>	pixel color to write

### 5.21.3.6 write() [2/2]

```
void write (
    POS pos,
    access_type colors ) [inline]
```

write to image

#### Parameters

<i>pos</i>	pixel position
<i>colors</i>	pixel color to write. May be any container that provides the [] operator

## 5.22 image\_array\_buffer< DIM, T, normalized >::image\_slice< is\_const > > Struct Template Reference

Reference to single image in the image array.

### Public Member Functions

- array< size\_type, DIM > [dimensions](#) () const
- template<bool C2, typename EIF = void, typename = typename enable\_if<!is\_const, EIF>::type>  
void [copy](#) (const [image\\_slice](#)< C2 > &b, array< size\_type, DIM > src\_origin, array< size\_type, DIM > dest\_origin, array< size\_type, DIM > region)
- template<bool C2, typename EIF = void, typename = typename enable\_if<!is\_const, EIF>::type>  
void [copy](#) (const [image\\_slice](#)< C2 > &b)
- void [copy\\_to\\_host](#) (T \*p, array< size\_type, DIM > origin, array< size\_type, DIM > region, size\_type row\_↔ pitch=0) const
- void [copy\\_to\\_host](#) (T \*p) const
- vector< value\_type > [to\\_vector](#) () const
- template<typename EIF = void, typename = typename enable\_if<is\_const, EIF>::type>  
void [copy\\_from\\_host](#) (const T \*p, array< size\_type, DIM > origin, array< size\_type, DIM > region, size\_type row\_pitch=0)
- template<typename EIF = void, typename = typename enable\_if<is\_const, EIF>::type>  
void [copy\\_from\\_host](#) (const T \*p)

### 5.22.1 Detailed Description

```
template<unsigned int DIM, typename T, bool normalized>
template<bool is_const>
struct goopax::impl::image_array_buffer< DIM, T, normalized >::image_slice< is_const >
```

Reference to single image in the image array.

### 5.22.2 Member Function Documentation

**5.22.2.1 copy()** [1/2]

```
void copy (
    const image_slice< C2 > & b ) [inline]
```

copy from other image size

**5.22.2.2 copy()** [2/2]

```
void copy (
    const image_slice< C2 > & b,
    array< size_type, DIM > src_origin,
    array< size_type, DIM > dest_origin,
    array< size_type, DIM > region ) [inline]
```

copy from other image slice

**Parameters**

<i>src_origin</i>	offset in source image
<i>dest_origin</i>	offset in destination image
<i>region</i>	size of image patch to copy

**5.22.2.3 copy\_from\_host()** [1/2]

```
void copy_from_host (
    const T * p ) [inline]
```

copy image slice from host memoryx

**5.22.2.4 copy\_from\_host()** [2/2]

```
void copy_from_host (
    const T * p,
    array< size_type, DIM > origin,
    array< size_type, DIM > region,
    size_type row_pitch = 0 ) [inline]
```

copy image slice from host memory

**Parameters**

<i>p</i>	pointer in host memory
<i>origin</i>	offset in device memory
<i>region</i>	size of image patch
<i>row_pitch</i>	pitch in host memory in pixels. Defaults to region[0]

**5.22.2.5 copy\_to\_host()** [1/2]

```
void copy_to_host (
    T * p ) const [inline]
```

Copy image slice to host memory

**5.22.2.6 copy\_to\_host()** [2/2]

```
void copy_to_host (
    T * p,
    array< size_type, DIM > origin,
    array< size_type, DIM > region,
    size_type row_pitch = 0 ) const [inline]
```

Copy image slice to host memory.

**Parameters**

<i>p</i>	pointer to host memory
<i>origin</i>	offset in device
<i>region</i>	size of image patch
<i>row_pitch</i>	pitch in host memory in pixels. Defaults to region[0]

**5.22.2.7 dimensions()**

```
array<size_type, DIM> dimensions ( ) const [inline]
```

image dimensions

**5.22.2.8 to\_vector()**

```
vector<value_type> to_vector ( ) const [inline]
```

returns a std::vector that holds a copy of the data

## 5.23 image\_array\_resource< DIM, T, normalized >::image\_slice< RESREF > Struct Template Reference

Reference to single image in the image array.

## Public Member Functions

- access\_type [read](#) (array< size\_type, DIM > pos) const
- template<typename U , typename = typename enable\_if<allow\_sampler, U>::type>  
access\_type [read](#) (array< U, DIM > pos, sampler\_mode sampler=address\_none|filter\_nearest) const
- template<typename POS , typename = typename enable\_if<is\_same<typename POS::value\_type, size\_type>::value>::type>  
access\_type [read](#) (POS pos) const
- template<typename POS , typename = typename enable\_if<allow\_sampler, POS>::type>  
access\_type [read](#) (POS pos, sampler\_mode sampler) const
- template<typename = void, typename = typename enable\_if<is\_same<RESREF, typename remove\_const<RESREF>::type>↵  
::value>::type>  
void [write](#) (array< size\_type, DIM > pos, access\_type colors)
- template<typename POS , typename = typename enable\_if<is\_same<typename POS::value\_type, size\_type>::value>::type>  
void [write](#) (POS pos, access\_type colors)

### 5.23.1 Detailed Description

```
template<unsigned int DIM, typename T, bool normalized>
template<typename RESREF>
struct goopax::impl::image_array_resource< DIM, T, normalized >::image_slice< RESREF >
```

Reference to single image in the image array.

### 5.23.2 Member Function Documentation

#### 5.23.2.1 read() [1/4]

```
access_type read (
    array< size_type, DIM > pos ) const [inline]
```

read from image slice

#### Parameters

<i>pos</i>	image position
<i>return</i>	pixel at the given position

#### 5.23.2.2 read() [2/4]

```
access_type read (
    array< U, DIM > pos,
    sampler_mode sampler = address_none | filter_nearest ) const [inline]
```

read from image slice with sampler

## Parameters

<i>pos</i>	position, may be an array of type <code>gpu_int</code> , <code>gpu_uint</code> , or <code>gpu_float</code>
<i>sampler</i>	mode.
<i>return</i>	pixel

**5.23.2.3 read()** [3/4]

```
access_type read (
    POS pos ) const [inline]
```

read pixel.

## Parameters

<i>pos</i>	pixel position. May be any container that provides the [] operator
<i>return</i>	pixel at the given position

**5.23.2.4 read()** [4/4]

```
access_type read (
    POS pos,
    sampler_mode sampler ) const [inline]
```

read from image with sampler

## Parameters

<i>pos</i>	position, may be any container that provides the [] operator, and that holds values of type <code>gpu_int</code> , <code>gpu_uint</code> , or <code>gpu_float</code>
<i>sampler</i>	mode.
<i>return</i>	pixel

**5.23.2.5 write()** [1/2]

```
void write (
    array< size_type, DIM > pos,
    access_type colors ) [inline]
```

write to image

## Parameters

<i>pos</i>	pixel position
<i>colors</i>	pixel color to write

## 5.23.2.6 write() [2/2]

```
void write (
    POS pos,
    access_type colors ) [inline]
```

write to image

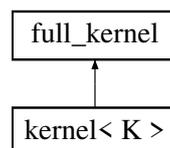
## Parameters

<i>pos</i>	pixel position
<i>colors</i>	pixel color to write. May be any container that provides the [] operator

## 5.24 kernel&lt; K &gt; Struct Template Reference

kernel class to derive gpu kernels from

Inheritance diagram for kernel< K >:



## Public Member Functions

- template<class... A>  
auto [operator\(\)](#) (goopax\_device device, A &&... a)

*Operator (). This starts the gpu kernel on the device. The parameters must match the arguments specified in the function 'program()', except that cpu types are passed, where gpu types are specified in the function 'program()'. The device may be specified as a first argument. This is optional except if the device cannot be deduced from the other arguments. All buffers must reside on the same device, which is the device on which the kernel is executed.*

- template<class... A>  
auto [operator\(\)](#) (A &&... a)
- [kernel](#) ()
- [kernel](#) (kernel &&)=default  
*move semantics*
- [kernel](#) & [operator=](#) (kernel &&b)

### 5.24.1 Detailed Description

```
template<class K>
struct goopax::impl::ns_param_kernel::kernel< K >
```

kernel class to derive gpu kernels from

#### Parameters

<i>K</i>	derived kernel class. If The C++ language standard is < 14, any return type of the kernel must be specified with the RETURN_TYPE template argument. All gpu kernels must be derived from this class, where the new class must be passed as template argument, like so: struct my_kernel : public kernel<my_kernel> { void program(...) {...}};
----------	------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------

### 5.24.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

#### 5.24.2.1 kernel()

```
kernel ( ) [inline]
```

constructor

### 5.24.3 Member Function Documentation

#### 5.24.3.1 operator()

```
auto operator() (
    A &&... a ) [inline]
```

Operator (). This starts the gpu kernel on the device. The parameters must match the arguments specified in the function 'program()', except that cpu types are passed, where gpu types are specified in the function 'program()'. The device is deduced from the buffers that are passed as arguments.

#### 5.24.3.2 operator=()

```
kernel& operator= (
    kernel< K > && b ) [inline]
```

move semantics

## 5.25 local\_scope\_mem< T, SCOPE > Class Template Reference

Inherits `lds_type< T, goopax::impl::Tuint, SCOPE >`.

### Public Member Functions

- `cpu_size_type size () const`
- `iterator begin ()`
- `const_iterator begin () const`
- `iterator end ()`
- `const_iterator end () const`
- `template<typename RESOURCE_SIZE_TYPE , bool is_const>`  
`void copy (const resource< T, RESOURCE_SIZE_TYPE, is_const > &r, size_type count, typename resource< T, RESOURCE_SIZE_TYPE, is_const >::size_type start_dest, size_type start_src)`
- `template<typename RESOURCE_SIZE_TYPE , bool is_const>`  
`void copy (const resource< T, RESOURCE_SIZE_TYPE, is_const > &r)`
- `template<memory::scope BSCOPE>`  
`void copy (const local_scope_mem< T, BSCOPE > &b, size_t count, typename local_scope_mem< T, BSCOPE >::size_type start_dest, size_type start_src)`
- `template<memory::scope BSCOPE>`  
`void copy (const local_scope_mem< T, BSCOPE > &b)`
- `void fill (value_type value)`
- `local_scope_mem (local_scope_mem &&)=default`  
*move semantics*
- `local_scope_mem & operator= (local_scope_mem &&)=default`  
*move semantics*
- `local_scope_mem (typename gettype< size_type >::cpu size)`

### 5.25.1 Detailed Description

```
template<typename T, memory::scope SCOPE>
class goopax::impl::local_scope_mem< T, SCOPE >
```

This class is used for local and private memory.

### 5.25.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

#### 5.25.2.1 local\_scope\_mem()

```
local_scope_mem (
    typename gettype< size_type >::cpu size ) [inline]
```

constructor.

## Parameters

<i>size</i>	size of the local/private memory
-------------	----------------------------------

## 5.25.3 Member Function Documentation

### 5.25.3.1 `begin()` [1/2]

```
iterator begin ( ) [inline]
```

returns `begin()` pointer

### 5.25.3.2 `begin()` [2/2]

```
const_iterator begin ( ) const [inline]
```

returns `begin()` pointer

### 5.25.3.3 `copy()` [1/4]

```
void copy (
    const local_scope_mem< T, BSCOPE > & b ) [inline]
```

copy data from another local/private memory. For local memory, the copy operation is done in parallel in the workgroup. For private memory, each thread performs its own copy operation.

## Parameters

<i>b</i>	local/private memory to copy data from
----------	----------------------------------------

### 5.25.3.4 `copy()` [2/4]

```
void copy (
    const local_scope_mem< T, BSCOPE > & b,
    size_t count,
    typename local_scope_mem< T, BSCOPE >::size_type start_dest,
    size_type start_src ) [inline]
```

copy data from another local/private memory. For local memory, the copy operation is done in parallel in the workgroup. For private memory, each thread performs its own copy operation.

## Parameters

<i>b</i>	local/private memory to copy data from
<i>count</i>	number of elements to copy
<i>start_dest</i>	offset in destination memory
<i>start_src</i>	offset in source memory

## 5.25.3.5 copy() [3/4]

```
void copy (
    const resource< T, RESOURCE_SIZE_TYPE, is_const > & r ) [inline]
```

copy data from resource. For local memory, the copy operation is done in parallel in the workgroup. For private memory, each thread performs its own copy operation.

## Parameters

<i>r</i>	resource to copy data from
----------	----------------------------

## 5.25.3.6 copy() [4/4]

```
void copy (
    const resource< T, RESOURCE_SIZE_TYPE, is_const > & r,
    size_type count,
    typename resource< T, RESOURCE_SIZE_TYPE, is_const >::size_type start_dest,
    size_type start_src ) [inline]
```

copy data from resource. For local memory, the copy operation is done in parallel in the workgroup. For private memory, each thread performs its own copy operation.

## Parameters

<i>r</i>	resource to copy data from
<i>count</i>	size number of values to copy
<i>start_dest</i>	offset in local/private memory
<i>start_src</i>	offset in the source resource

## 5.25.3.7 end() [1/2]

```
iterator end ( ) [inline]
```

returns `end()` iterator

### 5.25.3.8 end() [2/2]

```
const_iterator end ( ) const [inline]
```

returns `end()` iterator

### 5.25.3.9 fill()

```
void fill (
    value_type value ) [inline]
```

fill local/private memory. For local memory, the fill operation is done in parallel over the workgroup.

#### Parameters

<i>value</i>	value to fill memory with
--------------	---------------------------

### 5.25.3.10 size()

```
cpu_size_type size ( ) const [inline]
```

size of local/private memory

## 5.26 numeric\_limits< goopax::gpu\_type< T > > Struct Template Reference

numeric\_limits overload for GPU types

Inherits numeric\_limits< T >.

### 5.26.1 Detailed Description

```
template<typename T>
struct std::numeric_limits< goopax::gpu_type< T > >
```

numeric\_limits overload for GPU types

## 5.27 resource< T, SIZE\_TYPE, is\_const > Class Template Reference

Inherits uav\_type< T, gettype< SIZE\_TYPE >::cpu, memory::none >.

## Public Member Functions

- `template<memory::scope BSCOPE, typename EIF = void, typename = typename enable_if<!is_const, EIF>::type>`  
void `copy` (const `local_scope_mem`< T, BSCOPE > &src, typename `local_scope_mem`< T, BSCOPE >::size\_type count, typename `local_scope_mem`< T, BSCOPE >::size\_type start\_dest, size\_type start\_src=0)
- `resource` (`resource` &&)=default  
*move semantics*
- `resource` & `operator=` (`resource` &&)=default  
*move semantics*

### iterator access

- `iterator begin` ()
- `const_iterator begin` () const
- `iterator end` ()
- `const_iterator end` () const

### constructors

*Resources normally need not be constructed by the user. Instead, they are passed as references to the gpu kernel. Resources can, however, be instantiated to be linked to a specific buffer*

- `resource` ()
- `resource` (`buffer_type` &a)
- `template<typename EIF = void, typename = typename enable_if<is_const, EIF>::type>`  
`resource` (const `buffer_type` &a)

## 5.27.1 Detailed Description

```
template<typename T, typename SIZE_TYPE = Tuint, bool is_const = false>
class goopax::impl::resource< T, SIZE_TYPE, is_const >
```

Resource type, used to access buffers from device code. Resources are usually provided as arguments for gpu kernels. The template parameters T and SIZE\_TYPE must match the corresponding template parameters of the buffer.

### Template Parameters

<i>T</i>	value type. This can either be a CPU intrinsic type, or a goopax struct type.
<i>SIZE_TYPE</i>	This can be a 32 bit or 64 bit integer type.
<i>is_const</i>	only read access is allowed. This has the same effect as using a const reference of the resource as kernel parameter.

## 5.27.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

### 5.27.2.1 resource() [1/3]

```
resource ( ) [inline]
```

default constructor. The resulting resource cannot be used. It has to be replaced by a resource that is linked to a buffer before it can be used.

### 5.27.2.2 resource() [2/3]

```
resource (
    buffer_type & a ) [inline]
```

constructor. The resource is linked to the provided buffer

#### Parameters

<code>a</code>	buffer to link resource to. The buffer must exist and be properly initialized before the kernel is first called.
----------------	------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------

### 5.27.2.3 resource() [3/3]

```
resource (
    const buffer_type & a ) [inline]
```

constructor. The resource is linked to the provided const buffer This constructor is only available if `is_const=true`.

#### Parameters

<code>a</code>	buffer to link resource to. The buffer must exist and be properly initialized before the kernel is first called.
----------------	------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------

## 5.27.3 Member Function Documentation

### 5.27.3.1 begin() [1/2]

```
iterator begin ( ) [inline]
```

returns `begin()` pointer

### 5.27.3.2 begin() [2/2]

```
const_iterator begin ( ) const [inline]
```

returns `begin()` pointer

### 5.27.3.3 copy()

```
void copy (
    const local_scope_mem< T, BSCOPE > & src,
    typename local_scope_mem< T, BSCOPE >::size_type count,
    typename local_scope_mem< T, BSCOPE >::size_type start_dest,
    size_type start_src = 0 ) [inline]
```

copy data from local memory or private memory to the resource (i.e. to global memory) For local memory, the copy operation is parallelized over the workgroup. For private memory, the copy operation is performed for the individual threads.

#### Parameters

<i>src</i>	source
<i>count</i>	number of values to copy
<i>start_dest</i>	offset in resource
<i>start_src</i>	offset in source memory

### 5.27.3.4 end() [1/2]

```
iterator end ( ) [inline]
```

pointer to the end of the resource

### 5.27.3.5 end() [2/2]

```
const_iterator end ( ) const [inline]
```

pointer to the end of the resource

## 5.28 sresource< STR, BASE > Struct Template Reference

### Public Member Functions

- reference `operator[]` (const size\_type &pos)  
*element access*
- const\_reference `operator[]` (const size\_type &pos) const  
*element access*

### 5.28.1 Detailed Description

```
template<class STR, class BASE>
struct goopax::impl::gpu_struct::sresource< STR, BASE >
```

base for resource class.

## 5.29 svm\_buffer< T > Class Template Reference

Shared Virtual Memory (called Unified Memory in CUDA)

### Public Member Functions

- void `map` (const T \*begin, const T \*end, `BUFFER_FLAGS` flags=`BUFFER_READ_WRITE`) const
- void `map` (`BUFFER_FLAGS` flags=`BUFFER_READ_WRITE`) const
- void `unmap` (const T \*begin) const
- void `unmap` () const  
*indicate that host access has completed*
- `svm_buffer` (`goopax_device` device, `Tsize_t` size, `BUFFER_FLAGS` flags=`BUFFER_READ_WRITE`)

### 5.29.1 Detailed Description

```
template<typename T>
class goopax::impl::svm_buffer< T >
```

Shared Virtual Memory (called Unified Memory in CUDA)

### 5.29.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

#### 5.29.2.1 svm\_buffer()

```
svm_buffer (
    goopax_device device,
    Tsize_t size,
    BUFFER_FLAGS flags = BUFFER_READ_WRITE ) [inline]
```

Construct svm memory region with shared address space between host and device.

#### Parameters

<i>device</i>	device that should be able to access the memory
<i>size</i>	size in number of elements of type T
<i>flags</i>	gpu access flags

### 5.29.3 Member Function Documentation

**5.29.3.1 map()** [1/2]

```
void map (
    BUFFER_FLAGS flags = BUFFER_READ_WRITE ) const [inline]
```

prepare memory for host access.

**Parameters**

<i>flags</i>	host access flags
--------------	-------------------

**5.29.3.2 map()** [2/2]

```
void map (
    const T * begin,
    const T * end,
    BUFFER_FLAGS flags = BUFFER_READ_WRITE ) const [inline]
```

prepare memory region for host access.

**Parameters**

<i>begin</i>	start of mapped region
<i>end</i>	end of mapped region
<i>flags</i>	host access flags

**5.29.3.3 unmap()**

```
void unmap (
    const T * begin ) const [inline]
```

indicate that host access has completed

**Parameters**

<i>begin</i>	begin pointer used when calling map
--------------	-------------------------------------

**5.30 WELL512 Class Reference****Public Member Functions**

- void [seed](#) ([goopax\\_device](#) device, const vector< Tuint32\_t > &seed)

### 5.30.1 Detailed Description

Random number generator, based on the [WELL512](#) algorithm. An object of this class must be instantiated to be used from kernels.

### 5.30.2 Member Function Documentation

#### 5.30.2.1 seed()

```
void seed (
    goopax\_device device,
    const vector< Tuint32_t > & seed ) [inline]
```

Set random seed. All threads will get an additional offset by goopax, so that they all produce different random numbers.

#### Parameters

<i>device</i>	device for which to set the random seed
<i>seed</i>	seed data, may be any size, maximum 16.

## 5.31 WELL512lib Class Reference

### Public Member Functions

- `template<typename T >`  
vector< typename [gettype](#)< T >::gpu > [gen\\_vec](#) ()
- [WELL512lib](#) ([WELL512](#) &well)

#### 5.31.1 Detailed Description

Random number generator, used in device code This object must be linked to an [WELL512](#) object in host code

#### 5.31.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

##### 5.31.2.1 WELL512lib()

```
WELL512lib (
    WELL512 & well ) [inline]
```

Constructor. Must be linked to an existing [WELL512](#) object.

## Parameters

<i>well</i>	existing <a href="#">WELL512</a> object.
-------------	------------------------------------------

### 5.31.3 Member Function Documentation

#### 5.31.3.1 `gen_vec()`

```
vector<typename gettype<T>::gpu> gen_vec ( ) [inline]
```

Generate uniformly distributed random numbers of type T. With each call, a vector of values is created. For optimal performance, all values in the vector should be used. Floating point values are normalized in the range [0,1). Integer values are equally distributed over all possible values.



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